

# OMRON

# **Solid State Relays**with Built-in Current Transformer



## G3PF

Built-in CT: A New Concept in SSRs!

The SSR can now detect heater burnout and SSR short-circuit failure.



Available with any of 3 input terminal types.



M3 Terminals

Slot Terminals

realizing

# Features

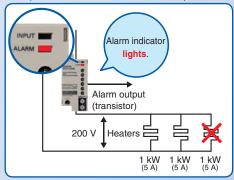


# 1

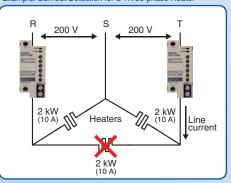
#### **Heater Burnout Detection**

- O The built-in CT monitors the load current.
- O Burnout can be detected for 1-line heaters or for 1 line in multiple heaters.
- O Detection is also possible for 3-phase heater circuits.

Example: Burnout Detection for One Line in Multiple Heaters



Normal current: 15 A (5 A  $\times$  3 lines) Current with one heater burnt out: 10 A (5 A  $\times$  2 lines) Recommended burnout detection setting: 13 A (midway between 10 and 15 A) Example: Burnout Detection for a Three-phase Heater

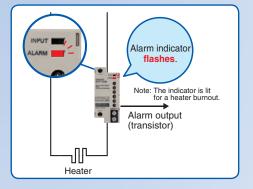


Normal current: 17.3 A (10 A  $\times \sqrt{3}$ ) Current with one heater burnt out: 10 A (10 A  $\times \sqrt{3} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ ) Recommended burnout detection setting: 14 A (midway between 10 and 17.3 A)

# 2

## **SSR Short-circuit Failure Detection**

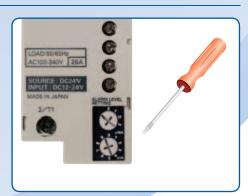
- The built-in CT can detect SSR shortcircuit failures.
- The alarm indicator shows if a heater burnout or SSR short-circuit failure has occurred.
- Separate alarm outputs are provided on models with screwless clamp terminals or small slot terminals.





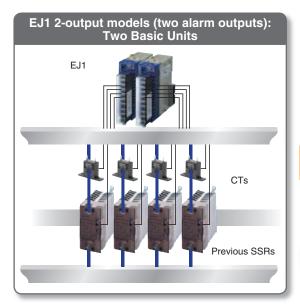
## **Easy Setting of Heater Burnout Detection Level**

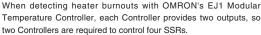
- The decimal rotary switches can be used to easily set the heater burnout detection level.
- The setting switches are provided on the front panel to enable easy confirmation of the setting.

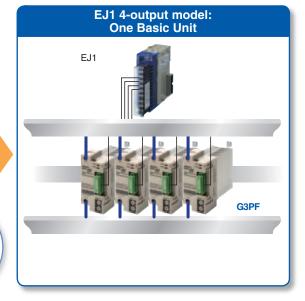


## Save Space and Reduce Work Steps

The CT is built into the SSR, so no space is required for CT installation and wiring work is reduced.







Using the G3PF for heater burnout detection allows an EJ1 Basic Unit with four outputs to be used. This lowers the cost per output and helps reduce the space required for installation on the control panel.

Note: When using the EJ1, an End Unit is required in addition to the Basic Units.

# A New Proposal for Heater Burnout Detection: SSR with Built-in CT

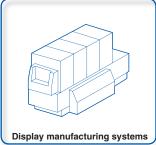
Advantages

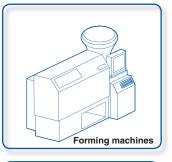
the EJ1

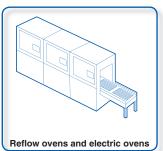
## Wide Range of Applications

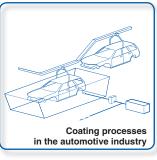
The G3PF quickly detects heater burnout and SSR short-circuit failure, and information is provided to let you know which problem has occurred, which is ideal for applications where down time must be minimized.

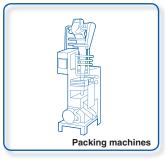














And many other applications.

## Solid State Relays with Built-in Current Transformer

# G3PF

# A New-concept SSR with Built-in Current Transformer.

## Heater Burnout and SSR Shortcircuit Failure Detection.

- Built-in Current Transformer (CT) helps reduce wiring steps.
- Detects the burnout of any one of a group of heaters.
- Detects the burnout of 3-phase heaters.
- Detects SSR short-circuit failures.
- Error detection level can be easily set with a switch.
- Mounts to a DIN track or with screws.
- Three types of input terminals available: M3 terminals, screwless clamp terminals (detachable), or compact slotted screw terminals (detachable).
- Applications have been submitted for UL, CSA, and EN certification.



#### **Ordering Information**

#### **■ List of Models**

Input terminals	Isolation method	Zero cross function	Operation indicator	Alarm output	Applicable load (See note.)	Model		
					2 to 25 A, 100 to 240 VAC	G3PF-225B		
M3 terminals				1 output	2 to 35 A, 100 to 240 VAC	G3PF-235B		
IVIS terminais				i output	2 to 25 A, 200 to 480 VAC	G3PF-525B		
					2 to 35 A, 200 to 480 VAC	G3PF-535B		
				2 outputs (Heater	2 to 25 A, 100 to 240 VAC	G3PF-225B-CTB		
Screwless clamp terminals	Phototriac-	Yes	Voc	Burnout Detection,	2 to 35 A, 100 to 240 VAC	G3PF-235B-CTB		
(detachable)	coupler	res res	Yes	res	SSR Short-circuit	2 to 25 A, 200 to 480 VAC	G3PF-525B-CTB	
(======================================				Failure Detection)	2 to 35 A, 200 to 480 VAC	G3PF-535B-CTB		
				2 outputs (Heater	2 to 25 A, 100 to 240 VAC	G3PF-225B-STB		
Compact slotted screw terminals						Burnout Detection,	2 to 35 A, 100 to 240 VAC	G3PF-235B-STB
(detachable)						SSR Short-circuit	2 to 25 A, 200 to 480 VAC	G3PF-525B-STB
(3.2.3.3.3.2.2)				Failure Detection)	2 to 35 A, 200 to 480 VAC	G3PF-535B-STB		

Note: The load current depends on the ambient temperature. Refer to Load Current vs. Ambient Temperature under Engineering Data for details.

#### **Specifications**

#### ■ Certification

UL 508 (application submitted), CSA 22.2 No. 14 (application submitted), EN 60947-4-3 (application submitted)

#### ■ Ratings

#### Detection Power Supply

Rated power supply voltage	24 VDC	
Operating voltage range	20.4 to 26.4 VDC	
Current consumption	50 mA DC max. (at 24 VDC)	

#### Alarm Output

Output OFF collector voltage	30 VDC max.	
Maximum carry current	100 mA	
Output form	NPN open collector (ON when error is detected.)	
Minimum load current	0.1 mA	

#### Operation Input

Input method	Voltage input		
Rated input voltage	12 to 24 VDC		
Operating input voltage range	9.6 to 26.4 VDC		
Operate voltage	9.6 VDC max.		
Release voltage	1.0 VDC min.		
Input current	5 mA DC max. (at 12 VDC) 10 mA DC max. (at 24 VDC)		

#### ● Main Circuit

ı	Model	G3PF-225B	G3PF-235B	G3PF-525B	G3PF-535B
	•	G3PF-225B-CTB	G3PF-235B-CTB	G3PF-525B-CTB	G3PF-535B-CTB
Item	•	G3PF-225B-STB	G3PF-235B-STB	G3PF-525B-STB	G3PF-535B-STB
Rated load voltage		100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz)		200 to 480 VAC (50/60 Hz)	
Operating voltage range		75 to 264 VAC, 50/60 Hz		180 to 528 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
Applicable load current*		25 A (at 40°C)	35 A (at 40°C)	25 A (at 40°C)	35 A (at 40°C)
Minimum load current		2 A			
Inrush current resistance		220 A (60 Hz, 1 cycle)	430 A (60 Hz, 1 cycle)	220 A (60 Hz, 1 cycle)	430 A (60 Hz, 1 cycle)

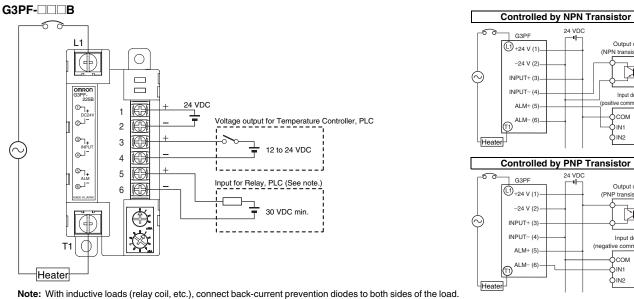
Note: The load current depends on the ambient temperature. Refer to Load Current vs. Ambient Temperature under Engineering Data for details.

#### **■** Characteristics

	Model	G3PF-225B	G3PF-235B	G3PF-525B	G3PF-535B		
		G3PF-225B-CTB	G3PF-235B-CTB	G3PF-525B-CTB	G3PF-535B-CTB		
Item		G3PF-225B-STB	G3PF-235B-STB	G3PF-525B-STB	G3PF-535B-STB		
Operate	time	1/2 of load power source cycle	1/2 of load power source cycle + 1 ms max.				
Release	time	1/2 of load power source cycle	+ 1 ms max.				
Main	Output ON voltage drop	1.6 V (RMS) max.		1.8 V (RMS) max.			
circuit	Leakage current	10 mA max. (at 200 VAC)		20 mA max. (at 480 VAC)			
Alarm	Output ON voltage drop	1.5 V max.					
output	Leakage current	1 mA max.	1 mA max.				
Isolation	n resistance	100 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)					
Dielectri	ic strength	2,500 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min.					
Vibratio	n resistance	Destruction: 10 to 55 to10 Hz, 0.35-mm single amplitude (0.7-mm double amplitude)					
Shock re	esistance	Destruction: 294 m/s <sup>2</sup>					
Ambient	t storage temperature	−30 to 70°C (with no icing or condensation)					
Ambient	t operating temperature	-20 to 60°C (with no icing or condensation)					
Ambient	t operating humidity	45% to 85%					
Weight		Approx. 400 g	Approx. 630 g	Approx. 400 g	Approx. 630 g		

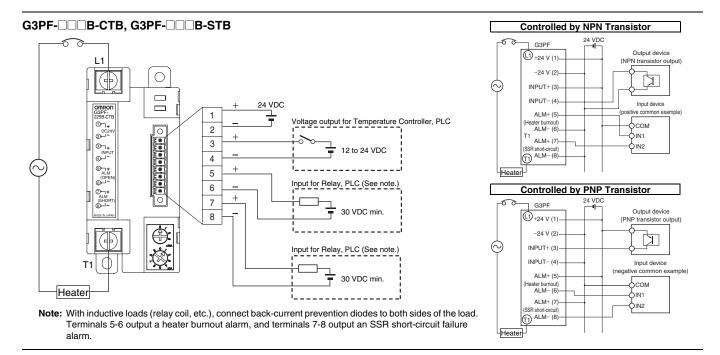
#### Connection

#### **■** Connection Example



(NPN transistor output) Input device -OCOM QIN2 **Controlled by PNP Transistor** Output device (PNP transistor output) Input device (negative common example) СОМ OIN1 ĮIN2

Output device



#### Operation

#### **■** Error Detection Function

#### Setting the Heater Burnout Detection Level

- The heater burnout detection level is set with switches on the front of the G3PF.
- Turn the switches to the current value to be detected.
   The top switch sets the tens digit, and the bottom switch sets the ones digit.

\*Example of setting 12 A Setting switch (top row): 1 Setting switch (bottom row): 2



#### Operation during an Error

Model	Condition	Alarm indicator (red)	Alarm	Alarm output	
Wiodei	Condition	Alailli Ilidicator (red)	Terminals 5-6	Terminals 7-8	
	Normal	Unlit	OFF		
G3PF-□□□B	Heater burnout, SSR open-circuit	Lit	ON	None	
	SSR short-circuit	Flashing	ON		
CODE CODE CTR	Normal	Unlit	OFF	OFF	
G3PF-□□□B-CTB G3PF-□□□B-STB	Heater burnout, SSR open-circuit	Lit	ON	OFF	
GUFT-UUD-UID	SSR short-circuit	Flashing	OFF	ON	

#### Heater Burnout Detection Function

	G3PF-□25B, G3PF-□25B-□□□	G3PF-□35B, G3PF-□35B-□□□	
Detection set- ting range	1 to 25 A (1-A increments)	1 to 35 A (1-A increments)	
Detection toler- ance	±5% (±20% for a rated load current setting of 20% or less. See table at right for details.)		
Detection time	1.0 s max. (with ON/OFF control)		

Note 1. The alarm is output if the load current falls below the error detection current.

- Take the detection tolerance into consideration in setting the error detection current. (For details, refer to the Heater Burnout Detection Current Range table at the right.)
- 3. When using cycle control, heater burnout detection is possible at a control cycle of 200 ms min. and an output duty of 50% min. (When combined with the G32A-EA, heater burnout can be detected at an output duty of 50% or higher.)
- When using cycle control, the detection time increases in inverse proportion to the output duty.
- When used in combination with optimal cycle control (G3ZA), the heater burnout detection function cannot be used.
- **6.** Do not set the heater burnout detection current to 0 A. Doing so would cause constant detection of a SSR short-circuit failure when no operation input is applied. Also, settings 4 to 9 on the top setting switch are invalid. Do not set the switch to these values.
- 7. The heater burnout detection function cannot be disabled. If it is not needed, set it to the lowest setting (1 A).
- 8. When the heater burnout detection level is changed, the new value becomes effective immediately after the change. (The set value can be changed in the G3PF even during operation.)

#### SSR Failure Detection

Detection level	One-half the set value for heater burnout detection
Detection time	1.0 sec max. (ON/OFF control) (See note.)

**Note:** When using cycle control, the detection time increases in inverse proportion to the output duty.

#### Heater Burnout Detection Current Range

Setting switch		Heater burnout detection current (A)			
Top switch (tens digit)	Bottom switch		□25B, 25B-□□□		□35B, 85B-□□□
(tono digit)	(ones digit)	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
0	0	Canno	t be set	Canno	t be set
0	1	0.8	1.2	0.8	1.2
0	2	1.6	2.4	1.6	2.4
0	3	2.4	3.6	2.4	3.6
0	4	3.2	4.8	3.2	4.8
0	5	4.0	6.0	4.0	6.0
0	6	5.7	6.3	4.8	7.2
0	7	6.7	7.4	5.6	8.4
0	8	7.6	8.4	7.6	8.4
0	9	8.6	9.5	8.6	9.5
1	0	9.5	10.5	9.5	10.5
1	1	10.5	11.6	10.5	11.6
1	2	11.4	12.6	11.4	12.6
1	3	12.4	13.7	12.4	13.7
1	4	13.3	14.7	13.3	14.7
1	5	14.3	15.8	14.3	15.8
1	6	15.2	16.8	15.2	16.8
1	7	16.2	17.9	16.2	17.9
1	8	17.1	18.9	17.1	18.9
1	9	18.1	20.0	18.1	20.0
2	0	19.0	21.0	19.0	21.0
2	1	20.0	22.1	20.0	22.1
2	2	20.9	23.1	20.9	23.1
2	3	21.9	24.2	21.9	24.2
2	4	22.8	25.2	22.8	25.2
2	5	23.8	26.3	23.8	26.3
2	6			24.7	27.3
2	7			25.7	28.4
2	8			26.6	29.4
2	9			27.6	30.5
3	0			28.5	31.5
3	1			29.5	32.6
3	2	Canno	t be set	30.4	33.6
3	3			31.4	34.7
3	4			32.3	35.7
3	5			33.3	36.8
3	6				
[ :				Canno	t be set
9	9				
	3				

#### **Nomenclature**

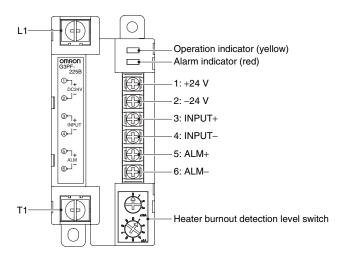
#### **■** G3PF-□□□B

#### Terminal Arrangement

Terminal name	Terminal number	Screw size
Main circuit terminals (output)	L1, T1	M5
Detection power sup- ply (input)	1, 2	
Operation input (input)	3, 4	M3
Alarm output termi- nals (output)	5, 6	

#### Indicators

Name	Color	Condition	Meaning	
Operation indicator	Yellow	Lit	Operating	
Alarm indicator	Red	Lit	Heater burnout detection	
Alaim mulcator	neu	Flashing	SSR short-circuit detection	



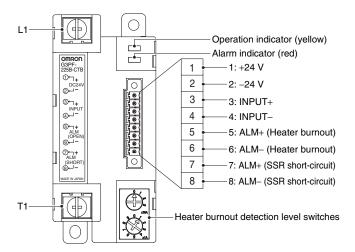
#### **■** G3PF-□□□B-CTB, G3PF-□□□B-STB

#### ● Terminal Arrangement

Terminal name	Terminal number	Screw size		
Terminal name		G3PF-□□□B-CTB	G3PF-□□□B-STB	
Main circuit terminals (output)	L1, T1	M5	M5	
Operation input (input)	1, 2			
Detection power sup- ply (input)	3, 4	Screwless clamp terminals	M2 slotted screw terminals (MCVW1.5/8-STF- 3.5, made by Phoenix Contact)	
Heater burnout alarm output (output)	5, 6	(FK-MCP1.5/8- STF-3.5, made by Phoenix Contact)		
SSR short-circuit alarm output (output)	7, 8	Filoenix Contact)		

#### Indicators

Name	Color	Condition	Meaning
Operation indicator	Yellow	Lit	Operating
Alarm indicator	Red	Lit	Heater burnout detection
		Flashing	SSR short-circuit detection

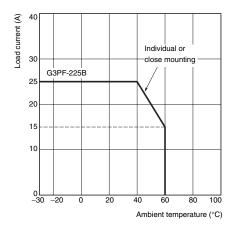


#### **Engineering Data**

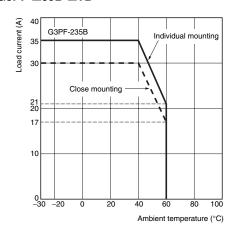
#### ● Load Current vs. Ambient Temperature

G3PF-□25B

G3PF-□25B-□TB



G3PF-□35B G3PF-□35B-□TB

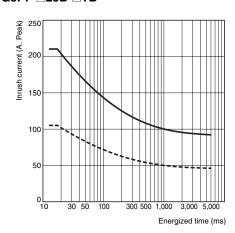


Note: The data above assumes that the Unit is mounted on a vertical surface. If it is mounted on a horizontal surface, reduce the load current shown above by 30%.

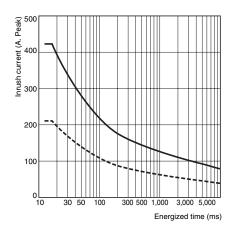
#### ● One Cycle Surge Withstand Current

Non-repetitive input (For repetitive input, the figure will be less than the value for surge current withstand indicated by the broken line.)

G3PF-□25B G3PF-□25B-□TB



G3PF-□35B G3PF-□35B-□TB

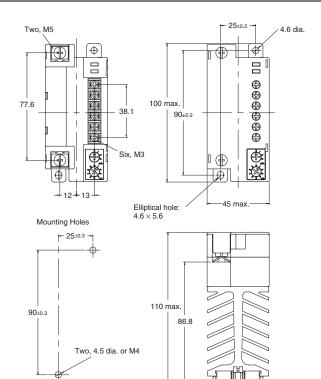


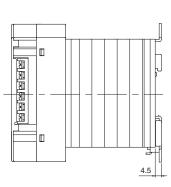
Dimensions (Unit: mm)

#### ■ Main unit

#### G3PF-□25B

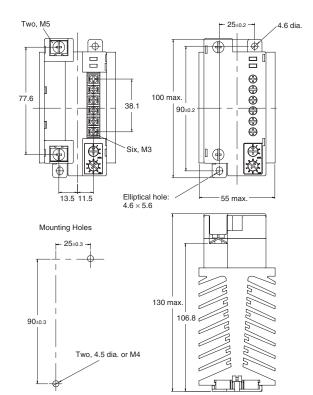


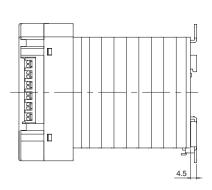




#### G3PF-□35B

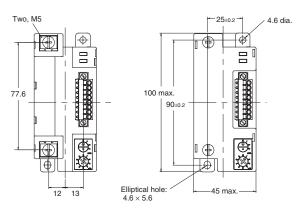


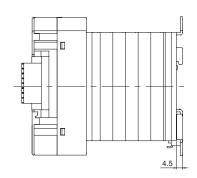


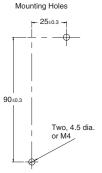


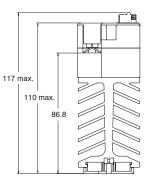
#### G3PF-□25B-CTB





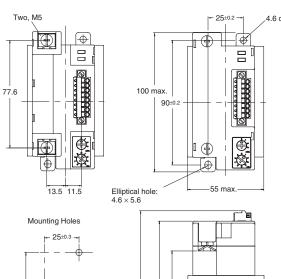


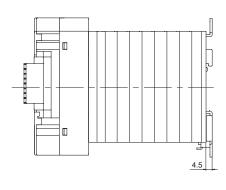


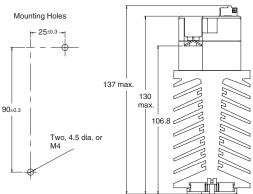


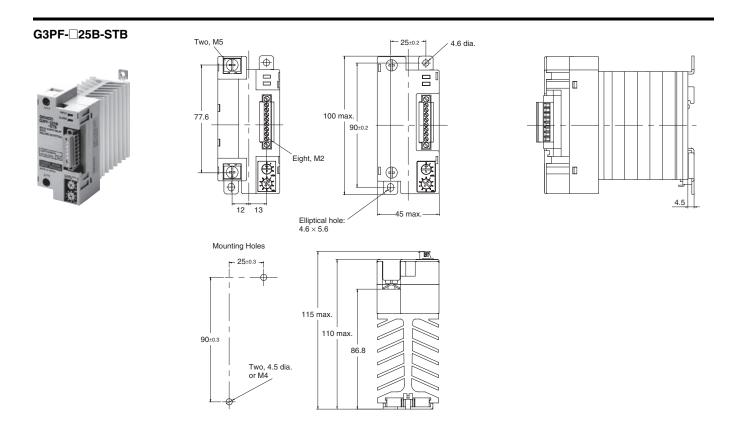
#### G3PF-□35B-CTB

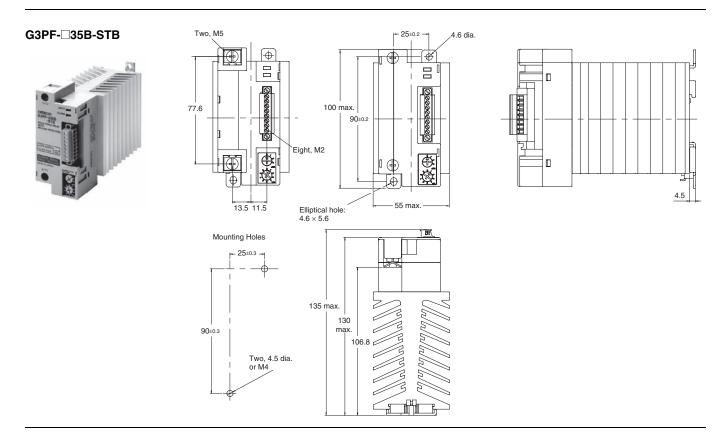












#### Safety Precautions

#### **CAUTION**

The G3PF may rupture if short-circuit current flows. As protection against accidents due to short-circuiting, be sure to install protective devices, such as fuses and no-fuse breakers, on the power supply side.



Minor burns may occasionally occur. Do not touch the SSR or the heat sink while the power is being supplied or immediately after the power supply has been turned OFF. The SSR and heat sink become extremely hot.



Minor electrical shock may occasionally occur. Do not touch the main circuit terminals on the SSR immediately after the power supply has been turned OFF.



Shock may result due to the electrical charge stored in the built-in snubber circuit.

Minor electrical shock may occasionally occur. Always turn OFF the power supply before performing wiring. Also, always attach the cover terminal.



#### **Precautions for Safe Use**

OMRON constantly strives to improve quality and reliability. SSRs, however, use semiconductors, and semiconductors may commonly malfunction or fail. In particular, it may not be possible to ensure safety if the SSRs are used outside the rated ranges. Therefore, always use the SSRs within the ratings. When using an SSR, always design the system to ensure safety and prevent human accidents, fires, and social harm in the event of SSR failure. System design must include measures such as system redundancy, measures to prevent fires from spreading, and designs to prevent malfunction.

- (1) Operating and Storage Environments Do not use or store the G3PF in the following locations. Doing so may result in damage, malfunction, or deterioration of performance characteristics.
  - 1. Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases.
  - 2. Do not store in locations subject to ambient storage temperatures outside the range -30 to 70°C.
  - 3. Do not use in locations subject to ambient operating temperatures outside the range -20 to 60°C.
  - 4. Do not use in locations subject to relative humidity outside the range 25% to 85%.
  - 5. Locations subject to high temperature or high humidity.
  - 6. Locations subject to condensation as the result of rapid changes in temperature.
  - 7. Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals.
  - 8. Locations subject to dust (especially iron dust) or salts.
  - 9. Locations subject to rainwater or water splashes.
  - 10.Locations subject to direct sunlight.
  - 11.Locations subject to shock or vibration.

#### (2) Transport

Do not transport the G3PF under the following conditions. Doing so may result in damage, malfunction, or deterioration of performance characteristics.

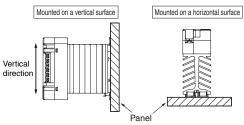
- 1. Conditions in which the G3PF may be subject to water or oil splashes.
- 2. Conditions in which the G3PF may be subject to high temperature or high humidity.
- 3. Conditions in which the G3PF may be subject to condensation as the result of rapid changes in

temperature.

- 4. Conditions in which the G3PF may be dropped or subject to excessive vibration or shock.
- 5. Conditions in which the G3PF is not packaged.

#### (3) Mounting

- 1. Do not use the G3PF if the heat radiation fins have been bent by being dropped. Doing so may result in malfunction due to a reduction in the heat radiation performance.
- 2. Do not block the movement of the air surrounding the SSR or heat sink.
  - Abnormal heating of the SSR may result in shorting failures of the output elements or burn damage.
- 3. Make sure that there is no excess ambient temperature rise due to the heat generation of the G3PF. If the G3PF is mounted inside a panel, install a fan so that the interior of the panel is fully ventilated. Otherwise, shorting failures of the output elements or burn damage may result.
- 4. Make sure the DIN track is securely mounted. Otherwise, the G3PF may fall.
- 5. Do not handle the G3PF with oily or dusty (especially iron dust) hands. Doing so may result in malfunction.
- 6. Mount the G3PF in the specified direction (on a vertical or horizontal surface). Otherwise excessive heat generated by the G3PF may cause short-circuit failures of the output elements or burn damage.



- 7. When mounting the G3PF to a control panel or other fixture with screws, be sure to tighten the screws to a torque of 0.98 to 1.47 N·m. A lower level of tightening torque may cause the G3PF to fall.
- 8. Do not drop the G3PF or subject it to excessive vibration or shock. Doing so may result in damage, malfunction, or deterioration of performance characteristics.

AUDIN - 8, avenue de la malle - 51370 Saint Brice Courcelles

1. Use wires that are thick enough for the load current. Otherwise, excessive heat generated by the wire may cause burning.

M2: 0.22 to 0.28 N·m Tightening torque

M3: 0.4 to 0.56 N·m M5: 1.57 to 2.35 N·m

Control connector mounting torque (detachable

terminal) 0.25 to 0.3 N·m

- 2. When tightening terminal screws, prevent any nonconducting material from becoming caught between the screws and the tightening surface. Otherwise, excessive heat generated by the terminal may cause burning.
- 3. Use wires that are suited to the load current and voltage. Otherwise, excessive heat generated by the wires may cause burning, or the outer covering of the wire may melt, resulting in electrical shock or ground fault.
- 4. Use a crimp terminal size that is suited to the diameter of the wire. Otherwise, it may result in burning, or the outer covering of the wire may melt, resulting in electrical shock or ground fault.
- 5. Do not use wires with a damaged outer covering. Otherwise, it may result in electric shock or ground leakage.

Do not wire any wiring in the same duct or conduit as power or high-tension lines. Otherwise, inductive noise may damage the G3PF or cause it to malfunction.

#### (5) Adjustment and Use

Do not adjust or use the G3PF under the following conditions. Doing so may result in damage, malfunction, or burning.

- Conditions in which voltage or current exceeding the rated values is applied to the input or output terminals.
- Conditions in which a load exceeding the rated range is selected or used.
- Conditions in which a power supply frequency other than the rated frequency is selected or used.

#### (6) Failure Detection

If the G3PF control circuit or alarm output circuit should malfunction, the failure detection function and output will not operate normally. To protect against this possibility, it is recommended that the design includes redundant safety functions.

#### (7) Noise and Surge Effects

If noise or an electrical surge occurs that exceeds the malfunction withstand limit for the G3PF output circuit, the output will turn ON for a maximum of one half cycle to absorb the noise or surge. Confirm that turning the output ON for a half cycle will not cause a problem for the device or system in which the G3PF is being used prior to actual use. The G3PF malfunction withstand limit is shown below.

• Malfunction withstand limit (reference value): 500 V

Note: This value was measured under the following conditions.

Noise duration: 100 ns and 1  $\mu s$  Repetition period: 100 Hz Noise application time: 3 min

#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

The SSR in operation may cause an unexpected accident. Therefore it is necessary to test the SSR under the variety of conditions that are possible. As for the characteristics of the SSR, it is necessary to consider differences in characteristics between individual SSRs.

The ratings in this catalog are tested values in a temperature range between 15°C and 30°C, a relative humidity range between 25% and 85%, and an atmospheric pressure range between 88 and 106 kPa. It will be necessary to provide the above conditions as well as the load conditions if the user wants to confirm the ratings of specific SSRs.

#### (1) Solvents

Do not allow the resin parts of the G3PF to come in contact with solvents, such as alcohol, thinner, trichloroethane, or gasoline. Doing so will dissolve markings and may result in deteriorating the performance of the parts.

(2) Oil

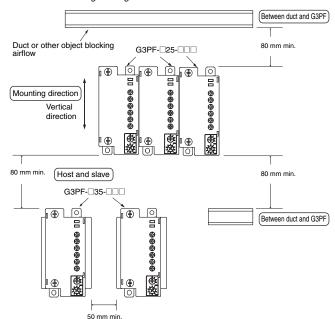
Do not allow the terminal cover of the G3PF to come in contact with oil. Doing so may cause the cover to become cloudy or to crack.

(3) Mounting

Do not drop the G3PF or subject it to excessive vibration. Doing so may result in damage, malfunction, or deterioration of performance characteristics.

(4) Mounting Interval (Panel Mounting)

Note: When close mounting, check Load Current vs. Ambient Temperature under Engineering Data.



#### (5) G3PF and Duct (or Other Object Blocking Airflow) Relationship

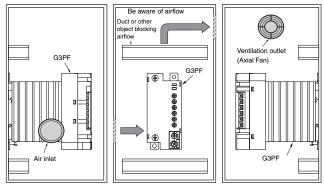
# Incorrect Example Countermeasure 1 Countermeasure 2 30 mm max. (No more than 1/3 the G3PF depth is recommended.) Duct or other object blocking airflow Vertical direction Duct or other airflow-blocking object

If the depth direction of the G3PF is obstructed by ducts, the heat radiation will be adversely affected.

Use ducts that have a shallow depth, to provide a sufficient ventilation area.

If the ducts cannot be made lower, place the G3PF on a metal base so that it is not surrounded by the ducts.

#### (6) Ventilation Outside the Control Panel



- Note 1. If the air inlet or air outlet has a filter, clean the filter regularly to prevent it from clogging to ensure an efficient flow of air.
  - Do not locate any objects around the air inlet or air outlet, otherwise the objects may obstruct the proper ventilation of the control panel.
  - A heat exchanger, if used, should be located in front of the G3PF to ensure the efficiency of the heat exchanger.

#### (7) G3PF Ambient Temperature

The rated current of the G3PF is measured at an ambient temperature of 40°C.

(8) The G3PF uses a semiconductor to switch the load. This causes the temperature inside the control panel to increase due to heating resulting from the flow of electrical current through the load. G3PF reliability can be increased by adding a ventilation fan to the control panel to dispel this heat, thus lowering the ambient temperature of the G3PF. (Arrhenius's law suggests that life expectancy is doubled by each 10°C reduction in ambient temperature.)

G3PF rated current (A)	25 A	35 A
Required number of fans per G3PF	0.4	0.54

Example: For 10 G3PF SSRs with load currents of 35 A,  $0.54 \times 10 = 5.40$ 

Thus, 6 fans would be required.

- Note 1. Size of fans: 92 mm², Air volume: 0.7 m³/min, Ambient temperature of control panel: 30°C
  - If there are other instruments that generate heat in the control panel in addition to SSRs, more ventilation will be required.
  - 3. Ambient temperature: The temperature that will allow the SSR to cool by convection or other means.

OMRON

## Warranty and Application Considerations

#### Read and Understand this Catalog

Please read and understand this catalog before purchasing the products. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have any questions or comments.

#### Warranty and Limitations of Liability

#### WARRANTY

OMRON's exclusive warranty is that the products are free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year (or other period if specified) from date of sale by OMRON.

OMRON MAKES NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCTS. ANY BUYER OR USER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE BUYER OR USER ALONE HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PRODUCTS WILL SUITABLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THEIR INTENDED USE. OMRON DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

#### LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

OMRON SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOSS OF PROFITS, OR COMMERCIAL LOSS IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PRODUCTS, WHETHER SUCH CLAIM IS BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE, OR STRICT LIABILITY.

In no event shall the responsibility of OMRON for any act exceed the individual price of the product on which liability is asserted. IN NO EVENT SHALL OMRON BE RESPONSIBLE FOR WARRANTY, REPAIR, OR OTHER CLAIMS REGARDING THE PRODUCTS UNLESS OMRON'S ANALYSIS CONFIRMS THAT THE PRODUCTS WERE PROPERLY HANDLED, STORED, INSTALLED, AND MAINTAINED AND NOT SUBJECT TO CONTAMINATION, ABUSE, MISUSE, OR INAPPROPRIATE MODIFICATION OR REPAIR.

#### **Application Considerations**

#### SUITABILITY FOR USE

OMRON shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply to the combination of products in the customer's application or use of the products.

Take all necessary steps to determine the suitability of the product for the systems, machines, and equipment with which it will be

Know and observe all prohibitions of use applicable to this product.

NEVER USE THE PRODUCTS FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCTS ARE PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

#### **Disclaimers**

#### **PERFORMANCE DATA**

Performance data given in this catalog is provided as a guide for the user in determining suitability and does not constitute a warranty. It may represent the result of OMRON's test conditions, and the users must correlate it to actual application requirements. Actual performance is subject to the OMRON Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

#### **CHANGE IN SPECIFICATIONS**

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. Consult with your OMRON representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased product.

#### **DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS**

Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not to be used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

#### ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

#### **OMRON Corporation**

Industrial Automation Company Control Devices Division H.Q. Shiokoji Horikawa, Shimogyo-ku, Kyoto, 600-8530 Japan

Tel: (81) 75-344-7109/Fax: (81) 75-344-7149

#### Regional Headquarters OMRON EUROPE B.V.

Wegalaan 67-69, NL-2132 JD Hoofddorp The Netherlands Tel: (31)2356-81-300/Fax: (31)2356-81-388

#### OMRON ELECTRONICS LLC

One Commerce Drive Schaumburg, IL 60173-5302 U.S.A Tel: (1) 847-843-7900/Fax: (1) 847-843-7787

#### OMRON ASIA PACIFIC PTE. LTD.

No. 438A Alexandra Road # 05-05/08 (Lobby 2), Alexandra Technopark, Singapore 119967 Tel: (65) 6835-3011/Fax: (65) 6835-2711

#### OMRON (CHINA) CO., LTD.

Room 2211, Bank of China Tower, 200 Yin Cheng Zhong Road, Pu Dong New Area, Shanghai, 200120, China Tel: (86) 21-5037-2222/Fax: (86) 21-5037-2200

#### **Authorized Distributor:**

In the interest of product improvement. specifications are subject to change without notice.

Cat. No. J169-E1-01

0607