





Fibre Optic industrial converter/repeater for LonWorks® TP/FT-10 point-to-point, line and redundant ring

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Legal information

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http://www.westermo.com

Safety



Before installation:

Read this manual completely and gather all information on the unit. Make sure that you understand it fully. Check that your application does not exceed the safe operating specifications for this unit.

This unit should only be installed by qualified personnel.

This unit should be built-in to an apparatus cabinet, or similar, where access is restricted to service personnel only.

The power supply wiring must be sufficiently fused, and if necessary it must be possible to disconnect manually from the power supply. Ensure compliance to national installation regulations.

This unit uses convection cooling. To avoid obstructing the airflow around the unit, follow the spacing recommendations (see Cooling section).



Before mounting, using or removing this unit:

Prevent access to hazardous voltage by disconnecting the unit from power supply. Warning! Do not open connected unit. Hazardous voltage may occur within this unit when connected to power supply.



Class 1 Laser Product

Do not look directly into fibre optical fibre port or any connected fibre although this unit is designed to meet the Class 1 Laser regulations.

Care recommendations

Follow the care recommendations below to maintain full operation of unit and to fulfil the warranty obligations.

This unit must not be operating with removed covers or lids.

Do not attempt to disassemble the unit. There are no user serviceable parts inside.

Do not drop, knock or shake the unit, rough handling above the specification may cause damage to internal circuit boards.

Do not use harsh chemicals, cleaning solvents or strong detergents to clean the unit.

Do not paint the unit. Paint can clog the unit and prevent proper operation.

Do not expose the unit to any kind of liquids (rain, beverages, etc). The unit is not waterproof. Keep the unit within the specified humidity levels.

Do not use or store the unit in dusty, dirty areas, connectors as well as other mechanical part may be damaged.

If the unit is not working properly, contact the place of purchase, nearest Westermo distributor office or Westermo Tech support.

Fibre connectors are supplied with plugs to avoid contamination inside the optical port.

As long as no optical fibre is mounted on the connector, e.g. for storage, service or transportation, should the plug be applied.

Note. Fibre Optic Handling

Fibre optic equipment needs special treatment. It is very sensitive to dust and dirt. If the fibre will be disconnected from the modem the protective hood on the transmitter/ receiver must be connected. The protective hood must be kept on during transportation. The fibre optic cable must also be handle the same way.

If this recommendation not will be followed it can jeopardise the warranty.

Cleaning of the optical connectors

In the event of contamination, the optical connectors should be cleaned by the use of forced nitrogen and some kind of cleaning stick.

Recommended cleaning fluids:

- Methyl-, ethyl-, isopropyl- or isobutyl-alcohol
- Hexane
- Naphtha

Maintenance

No maintenance is required, as long as the unit is used as intended within the specified conditions.

Туре	Approval / Compliance	
EMC	EN 61000-6-1, Immunity residential environments	
	EN 61000-6-2, Immunity industrial environments	
	EN 61000-6-3, Emission residential environments	
	EN 61000-6-4, Emission industrial environments	
	EN 55022, Emission IT equipment, class A	
	EN 55024, Immunity IT equipment	
	FCC part 15 Class A	
Safety	EN 60950-1, IT equipment	

Agency approvals and standards compliance

FCC Part 15.105
Notice: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.
EN 55022 Notice: This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Declaration of Conformity

Westermo Westermo Teleindustri AB

Declaration of conformity

The manufacturer

Westermo Teleindustri AB SE-640 40 Stora Sundby, Sweden

Herewith declares that the product(s)

Type of product	Model	Art no
Industrial Converter/Router	LRW-100 Series	3650-1xxx

is in conformity with the following EC directive(s).

No	Short name
2004/108/EC	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

References of standards applied for this EC declaration of conformity.

No	Title	Issue
EN 55022	Information technology equipment - Emission	2006 +A1:2007
EN 55024	Information technology equipment - Immunity	1998 +A1:2001
		+A2:2003
EN 61000-6-1	Electromagnetic compatibility – Immunity for	2007
	residential environments	
EN 61000-6-2	Electromagnetic compatibility – Immunity for	2005
	industrial environments	
EN 61000-6-3	Electromagnetic compatibility – Emission for	2007
	residential environments	
EN 61000-6-4	Electromagnetic compatibility – Emission for	2007
	industrial environments	

The last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed:

09

Signature

Pierre Öberg Technical Manager 26th October 2009

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Registered office Eskilstuna

Type tests and environmental conditions

Electromagnetic Con	npatibility		
Phenomena	Test	Description	Level
ESD	EN 61000-4-2	Enclosure contact	± 4 kV
		Enclosure air	± 8 kV
RF field AM modulated	IEC 61000-4-3	Enclosure	10 V/m 80% AM (1 kHz), 80 – 1 000 MHz
Fast transient	EN 61000-4-4	Signal ports	± 1 kV
		Power ports	± 2 kV
Surge	İ	Signal ports balanced	\pm 1 kV line to earth, \pm 1 kV line to line
		Power ports	\pm 0.5 kV line to earth, \pm 0.5 kV line to line
RF conducted	EN 61000-4-6	Signal ports	10 V 80% AM (1 kHz), 0.15 – 80 MHz
		Power ports	10 V 80% AM (1 kHz), 0.15 – 80 MHz
Power frequency magnetic field	EN 61000-4-8	Enclosure	100 A/m, 50 Hz, 16.7 Hz & 0 Hz
Pulse Magnetic field	EN 61000-4-9	Enclosure	300 A/m, 6.4 / 16 µs pulse
Voltage dips and interruption	EN 61000-4-11	AC power ports	10 & 5 000 ms, interruption 10 & 500 ms, 30% reduction 100 & 1 000 ms, 60% reduction
Mains freq. 50 Hz	EN 61000-4-16	Signal ports	100 V 50 Hz line to earth
Mains freq. 50 Hz	SS 436 15 03	Signal ports	250 V 50 Hz line to line
Voltage dips	EN 61000-4-29	DC power ports	10 & 100 ms, interruption
and interruption			10 ms, 30% reduction 10 ms, 60% reduction
			+20% above & -20% below rated voltage
Radiated emission	EN 55022	Enclosure	Class B
	FCC part 15		Class A
Conducted emission	EN 55022	AC power ports	Class B
	FCC part 15	AC power ports	Class B
	EN 55022	DC power ports	Class A
Dielectric strength	EN 60950	Signal port to all other isolated ports	1.5 kVrms 50 Hz 1min
		Power port to other isolated ports	2 kVrms 50 Hz 1min
Environmental			
Temperature		Operating	-40 to +70°C LRW-102PP -40 to +60°C LRW-102
		Storage & Transport	-40 to +70°C
Humidity		Operating	5 to 95% relative humidity
/		Storage & Transport	5 to 95% relative humidity
Altitude		Operating	2 000 m / 70 kPa
Service life		Operating	10 years
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6	Operating	7.5 mm, 5 – 8 Hz
Shock	IEC 60068-2-27	Operating	2 g, 8 – 500 Hz 15 g, 11 ms
		Operating	15 g, 11 llis
Packaging Enclosure	UL 94	PC / ABS	Flammability class V-1
Dimension W x H x D			$35 \times 121 \times 119 \text{ mm}$
Weight			0.26 kg
Degree of protection	IEC 529	Enclosure	IP 21
Cooling			Convection
Mounting			Horizontal on 35 mm DIN-rail
Tiounung			

Description

The LRW-102 (LRW-102PP) offers an easy way to extend the distance between LONWORKS[®] 78 kbit/s TP/FT network segments using a fibre optic link.

The LRW-102PP is a fibre optic modem used for point-to-point applications and the LRW-102 is used for multidrop and redundant ring applications. It acts as a repeater between the two fibre optic links, and as a converter between fibre optical links and the LON TP/FT port. The maximum distance of the fibre links depends on selected transceiver and fibre types.

The LRW-102 (LRW-102PP) is designed for harsh outdoor usage, in industrial, road or railway installations. The complete transparent conversion to and from the fibre optic media facilitates the installation procedure by eliminating the need for any additional network addressing or software configuration.

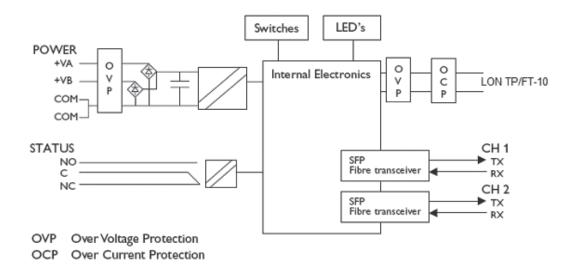
Convert LON TP/FT-10 interface - optical fibre

- Multidrop, point-to-point alternatively redundant ring communication via fibre optical network
- III Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers
- ILC fibre connectors, single or multimode
- LC-2 Multimode LC connectors, 5 km (3.1 miles)
- LC-15 Singlemode LC connectors, 15 km (9.3 miles)
- III Bi-di, Multimode LC connectors, 5 km (3.1 miles)
- Bi-di, Singlemode LC connectors, 20 km (12.4 miles)
- **#** Redundant power supply, 2 kVAC galvanic isolated to other ports
- Designed for harsh environments
- Re-timing
- III Status port

LONWORKS[®] interface

- **2**-positions detachable screw terminal
- III Data rate 78 kbit/s

Functional description



Converter TP/FT interface – optical fibre

The LRW-102 (LRW-102PP) is a fibre optic converter that converts between LONWORKS® TP/FT, and fibre optical link.

Repeater – optical fibre links

The LRW-102 is a fibre optic repeater that repeats received data from one fibre link out to the other link. This is useful e.g. for long distance communication, where electromagnetic interference may occur or when isolation of the electrical network is needed.

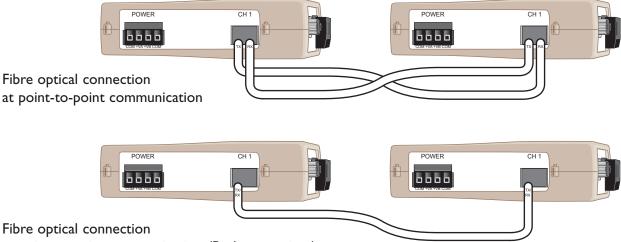
Single or multimode LC fibre connectors

The LRW-102 (LRW-102PP) uses Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers that are in compliance with Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA). A wide range of different fibre transceivers and connectors can be used.

Point-to-point communication via fibre optic network

With only two network segments, the most cost effective solution is to use two point-to-point LRW-102PP units to create a single fibre optic connection.

The point-to-point connection provides a totally transparent fibre link which means that all data received on one units TP/FT port will be forwarded unchanged to the other port, as illustrated in the figure.



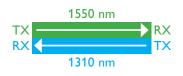
at point-to-point communication (Bi-di transceiver)

Note: Bi-di fibre can be used.

The bi-di transceivers must always be used in pair, see example:



Bi-di transceiver, TX 1550 nm, RX 1310 nm

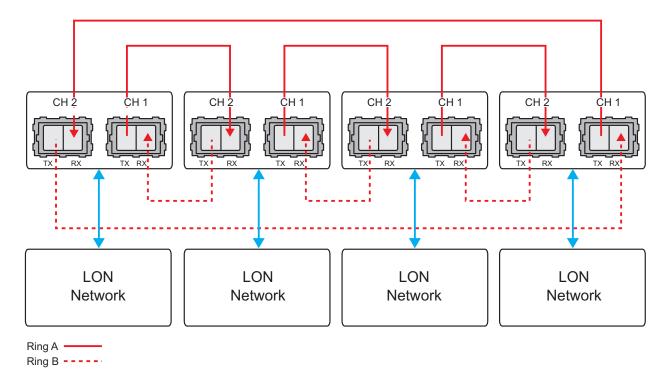




Bi-di transceiver, TX 1310 nm, RX 1550 nm

Redundant ring communications via fibre optic network

Under normal operation the LONWORKS[®] data is sent over ring A. Should a fault be detected on the fibre ring then the LONWORKS[®] data will be carried on rings A and B. The LRW-102 units could be linked together to form a fibre optic ring. With ring topology, a built-in redundancy scheme offers communication fault tolerance.



Normal operation

When LRW-102 unit receives data from the LON network, the LRW-102 (the initiator) will transmit the data onto the fibre ring. During normal operation the data will be transmitted onto ring A. Data received by the other LRW-102 units in the ring is transmitted over to the corresponding LON network as well as forwarded in the fibre ring. When a LRW-102 initiator receives its own data packet, the packet it stopped. A LRW-102 initiator will not forward another packet while waiting for its own packet to return.

Behaviour under faulty condition

Elapsed time from any kind of failure at the fibre optic network until data exchange after a corrective action depends on total length of fibre ring. This is typically 40–500 ms. During that time, the transferred data frames should be seen as corrupted or missed.

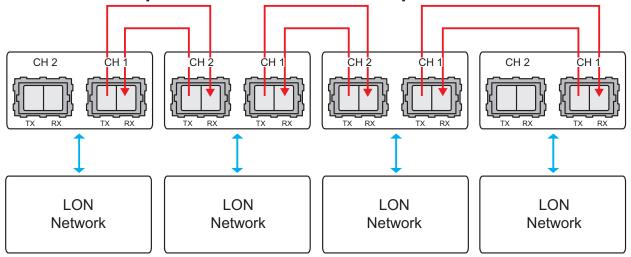
Failure	Indications
Fibre interruption ring A,TX	On: FL R
Fibre interruption ring A, RX	On: FL L
Fibre interruption ring A, RX & TX	On FL L
Fibre interruption ring B,TX	On: FL R
Fibre interruption ring B, RX	On: FL L
Fibre interruption ring B, RX & TX	On: FL L
Fibre interruption ring A and B (e.g. CH1 or CH2 both TX & RX)	On: FL L &/ or FL R

* Regarding functionality see chapter "multi drop application"

Recovery from faulty status

LRW-102 will automatically recover to the previous operating status when a failure disappears. This involves recovery from bus/multi drop network to Redundant ring A/B when ring is up and running and recovery from Ring B to Redundant ring A when the ring is up and running. The time to recover from the failure status depends on total length of fibre ring. This is typically 40–500 ms. During that time the transferred data frames should be seen as corrupted or missed.

Bus or multidrop communications via fibre optic network



The data is transferred via the fibre optic network to the serial ports of all units. If LRW-102 is connected to two optical fibre links (mid unit) converted data will be transmitted in both directions, via both CH 1 and CH 2. With only one optical fibre link (end unit) converted data will be transmitted in one direction, via CH 1 only. Data received from one LRW-102 optical fibre port will be repeated through the other optical fibre port and it will also convert the frame to serial data.

Optical fibre link functionality and status indication

At power on, all LED's will be active during an initiation sequence followed by an automatic initiation of the optical fibre links. The alarm will be set until the fibre optical links are in operation and ready to transfer serial data.

Data can be transferred over a fibre optical link as long as the link is in operation, indicated by active CH1 respective CH2.

When any of the fibre optical links is out of operation and this is a faulty state, will it be indicated by a local alarm and set the alarm output. It will also send a remote alarm via the other link, if possible. When the link returns to operations mode, the alarm will reset automatically.

Redundant power supply, galvanic isolated (2 kVAC) to other ports.

LRW-102 (LRW-102PP) should be supplied with safety extra low voltage (SELV). It is designed to operate permanently over a wide input range and provided with two independent inputs, allowing redundancy should either supply fail.

Single or multimode LC fibre connectors

The LRW-102 (LRW-102PP) uses Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceivers that are in compliance with Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA). A wide range of different fibre transceivers and connectors can be used.

Note: Bi-Di fibre can be used.

Status interface

This interface enables supervision of fibre optic link state.<8 ohm means that status is OK. The fault state will be set if:

■ Local or remote fibre link errors exist. ■ The unit is out of service, e.g. no power supply.

LON Channel delay

The LON TP/FT-10 (EIA-709.3) specification states a maximum delay of 36 μ s and a maximum of one repeater between any two nodes. Using the LRW-102 this delay restriction will normally be met if the total fibre cable length is restricted to 5.6 km 3.5 mile).

When two or more LRW-102 is used on a LON[®] free topology network they form a physical repeater link. As with a normal FTT-FTT physical repeater, the LRW-102 link also forms a new channel segment and regenerates the signal allowing more nodes to be installed.

It is important that the user is aware of the limitations involved with a physical extension of an FTT channel. The LRW-102 units can transparently forward LonTalk[®] packet and also assure that the required signal level is kept throughout the channel extension.

However, cable length between the units will impose an extra propagation delay on the channel that could conflict with the media access timing used by the LonTalk[®] protocol.

Increasing the propagation delay results in a higher probability for packet collisions, especially for a busy channel.

A normal FTT channel is dimensioned for one physical repeater allowing a maximum distance of 5400 metres (2×2700 metres) or 3.4 mi (2×1.7 mi).

For a busy channel it is recommended to use the LRW-112 router instead for the LRW-102 converter. With the LRW-112 router, the delay is not a problem since it uses a dedicated fibre optic channel where the propagation delay is accounted for.

It is recommended to use a LON[®] protocol analyser to verify network performance during high peak channel access. If an increased number of packets collisions and retries are found we recommend using the LRW-112 router instead.

According to the EIA-709.3, the delay through a repeater link must not exceed 36 μ s. To honour that requirement the following relation should be used:

Fibre distance (m) / 200 + Number of units < 36 Recommended max number of units = 10

For example, the above relation would allow two LRW-102 units to use a maximum fibre optic cable length of 6.2 km (3.8 mi).

The EIA-709.3 recommendation is strict and shall handle 100% load on a network, decreasing the load gives possibility to increase the allowed delay in the network.

Westermo has made tests with 60% load on the TP/FT-10 network and up to 60% load it is possible to increase the allowed delay to $127 \ \mu s$.

The following relation can be used on networks with up to 60% load

Fibre distance (m) / 200 + Number of units < 127 Recommended max number of units = 10

For example, the above equation would allow 10 LRW-102 units to use a maximum fibre optic cable length of 23.4 km (15 miles).

The above discussion considers the limitation in maximum distance due to protocol parameters involving media access and network idle detection. As with all fibre optic products, the maximum distance is also dependent on the over all power budget (see page 15).

Interface specifications

Power	
Rated voltage	12 to 48 VDC 24 VAC
Operating voltage	10 to 60 VDC 20 to 30 VAC
Rated current	400 mA @ 12 VDC 200 mA @ 24 VDC 100 mA @ 48 VDC
Rated frequency	DC AC: 48 to 62 Hz
Inrush current l ² t	0.2 A ² s
Startup current*	1.0 Apeak
Polarity	Reverse polarity protected
Redundant power input	Yes
Isolation to	TP/FT-10 port and status port
Galvanic connection to	-
Connection	4-position detachable screw terminal
Connector size	0.2 – 2.5 mm ² (AWG 24 – 12)
Shielded cable	Not required

* External supply current capability for proper start up.

Status		
Port type Solid state relay		
Operating voltage	Up to 60 VDC	
Load current	Up to 100 mA	
Contact resistance	8 Ω	
Isolation to	TP/FT-10 port and power port	
Connection	2-position detachable screw terminal	
Connector size	0.2 – 2.5 mm ² (AWG 24 – 12)	

TP/FT-10	
Electrical specification LONWORKS® TP/FT-10 using FTT-10A transceiver	
Data rate	78.5 kbit/s
Data format	Synchronous
Protocol	LonTalk®
Transmission range	Up to 2700 m
Termination	Single or double external termination according to TP/FT-10 specification
Isolation to	Power port and status port
Connection	2-positon detachable screw terminal
Connector size	0.2 – 2.5 mm ² (AWG 24 – 12)
Shielded cable	Not required
Conductive housing	No

Optical Power Budget

The maximum supported link lengths as specified in the table above should only been seen as indicative. The allowed link length is calculated from the Optical Power Budget (OPB), (the available optical power for a fibre-optic link), and the attenuation of the fibre, comprising losses due to in-line connectors, splices, optical switches and a margin for link aging (typical 1.5 dB for 1300 nm).

The worst-case Optical Power Budget (OPB) in dB for a fibre-optic link is determined by the difference between the minimum transmitter output optical power and the lowest receiver sensitivity.

FX (Fibre)	SM-LC15	MM-LC2	
Fibre connector	LC duplex	LC duplex	
Fibre type	Singlemode 9/125 mm	Multimode, 62.5/125 and 50/125 mm	
Wavelength nm	1310	1310	
Transmitter Output optical power min/max	–15/–8 dBm**	–20/–14 dBm*	
Receiver Input sensitivity, max	–31 dBm	–31 dBm	
Receiver Input optical power, max	–8 dBm	–8 dBm	
Optical power budget, worst-case	16 dB	11 dB	
Transceiver type	Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA) compliant		
Laser class	Class 1, IEC 825-1 Accessible Emission Limit (AEL)		

FX (Fibre)	Bi-di LC-20	Bi-di MM LC-2
Fibre connector	LC Simplex	LC Simplex
Fibre type	Singlemode 9/125 μm	Multimode 62.5/125 and 50/125 μm
Wavelength nm, connector 1 Wavelength nm, connector 2	Tx1310, rx 1550 TX 1550, rx 1310	Tx 1310, rx 1550 Tx 1550, rx 1310
Transmitter Output optical power min/max	-10/0 dBm **	–10/–8 dBm *
Receiver Input sensitivity, max	–28 dBm	–28 dBm
Receiver Input optical power, max	0 dBm	–0 dBm
Optical power budget, worst-case	18 dB	18 dB
Transceiver type	Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA) compliant	
Laser class	Class 1, IEC 825-1 Accessible Emission Limit (AEL)	

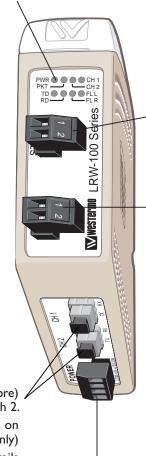
* Output power is power coupled into a 62.5/125 μ m multimode fibre

** Output power is power coupled into a 9/125 μm singlemode fibre

*** The optical power should be reduced by at least 5 dB (SM-LC80 and Bi-di LC-60) or 3dB (SM-LC-40 and Bi-di LC-40) between the optical output and input.

LRW-102/ LRW-102PP

LED Indicators(for details see page 17)



Position	Direction*	Description	Product marking
1	In/Out	Contact with posi- tion 2 when fibre optical links are in operation	1
2	In/Out	Common	2

TP/FT-10

Status

Position	Direction*	Description	Product marking
1	In/Out	TP/FT-10 connection	N1
2	In/Out	TP/FT-10 connection	N2

Power

Position	Direction*	Description	Product
			marking
1	In	Common voltage	COM
2	In	Voltage A	+VA
3	In	Voltage B	+VB
4	In	Common voltage	COM

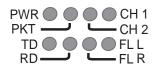
* Direction relative this unit

6650-2260

FX (Fibre) Ch 1 and Ch 2. (Ch 2 on LRW-102 only) For fibre details see page 15.

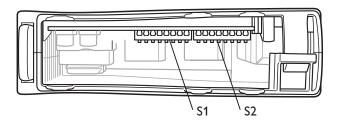
LED indicators

LED	Status	Description	
PWR	ON	In service (power)	
Power	Flashing	Fault condition	
	OFF	Out of service	
РКТ	Not used	-	
	Not used	-	
СН 2	ON	Fibre link at port CH 2 in operation. Data can be transmitted. (Not used in pp version)	
	OFF	Fibre link at port CH 2 out of operation. (Not used in pp version)	
CH 1	ON	Fibre link at port CH 1 in operation. Data can be transmitted.	
	OFF	Fibre link at port CH 1 out of operation.	
TD	Flashing	Receive accepted data on the serial port. Data will be transmitted to the fibre link.	
	OFF	_	
RD	Flashing	Receive data on the fibre link that is transmitted to the serial port.	
	OFF	_	
FL R (Red)	ON	Remote fibre link failure. A fibre link is out of operation at any other unit of the optical network.	
	OFF	All fibre links are in operation at all other units in the fibre optical network.	
FL L (Red)	ON	Local fibre link failure. This unit has identified a fibre link failure.	
	OFF	Fibre link of this unit is in operation.	



Configuration

All needed configurations and parameter settings are done by the DIP-switches, located under the top lid of the LRW-102 (LRW-102PP).

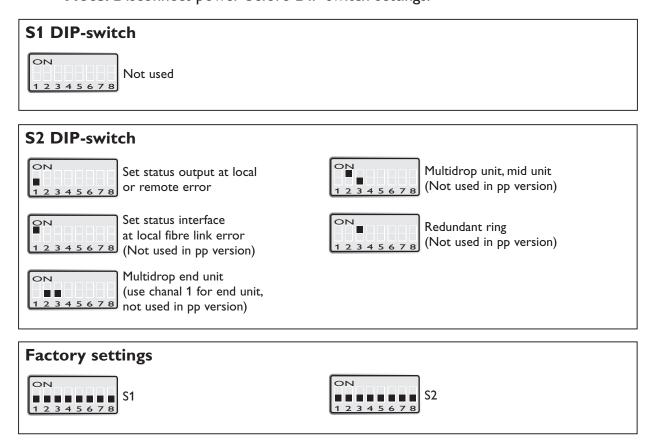




DIP-switch settings

Before DIP-switch settings:

Prevent damage to internal electronics from electrostatic discharges (ESD) by discharging your body to a grounding point (e.g. use of wrist strap) **Note:** Disconnect power before DIP-switch settings.



Mounting

This unit should be mounted on 35 mm DIN-rail, which is horizontally mounted inside an apparatus cabinet, or similar. Snap on mounting, see figure.

Cooling

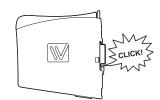
This unit uses convection cooling. To avoid obstructing the airflow around the unit, use the following spacing rules. Minimum spacing 25 mm (1.0 inch) above /below and 10 mm (0.4 inches) left /right the unit. Spacing is recommended for the use of unit in full operating temperature range and service life.

Removal

Press down the black support at the top of the unit. See figure.







10 mm *

(0.4 inches)

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* Spacing (left/right) recommended for

full operating temperature range

25 mm

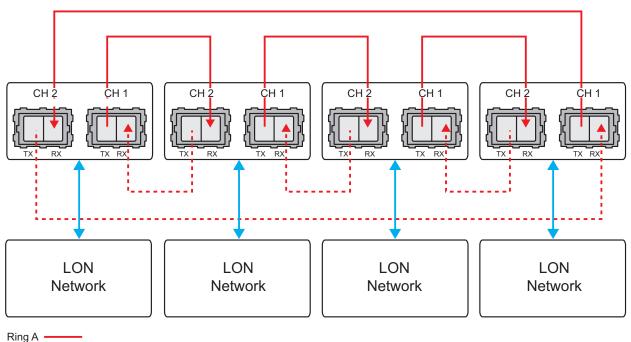
25 mm

 \mathbb{N}



Start up guide

Redundant ring application

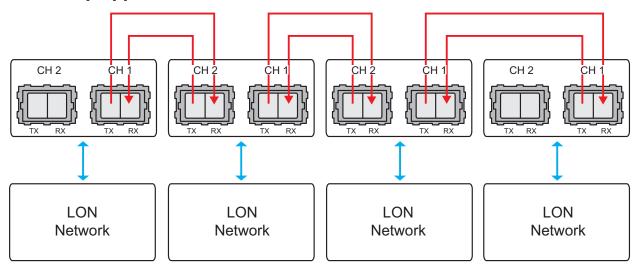


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Ring B - - - -
```

Follow the steps below to get the unit up and running in a simple application:

- **III** Prepare the fibre optical network.
- Redundant ring. Set switch S2:3 to ON and all others to OFF, at all units.(If the status interface should be local, set S2:1 to ON)
- **III** Connect the fibre links between the units.
- Connect the power supply to all units.
- **III** The Fibre links should be in operation, indicated by active CH 1 and CH 2 LED's.
- Connect the LON equipment to the LRW-102.
- **III** The Redundant ring application is up and running.

Multidrop application

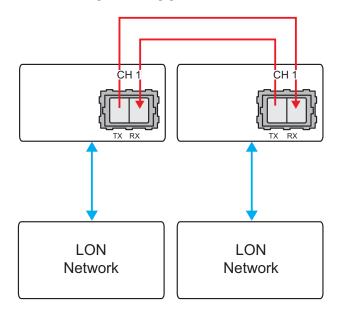


Prepare the fibre optical network:

- III Multidrop, mid units (CH 1 & CH 2). Set switch S2:2 to ON.
- III Multidrop, end units (CH 1 only). All switches should be set to OFF.
- **III** Connect the fibre links between the units.
- **Connect the power supply to all units.**
- **III** The Fibre links should be in operation, indicated by active CH 1 and CH 2 LED's.
- **Connect the LON equipment to the LRW-102.**
- **III** The Multidrop application is up and running.

Note! LRW-102PP can be used as end unit.

Point-to-point application



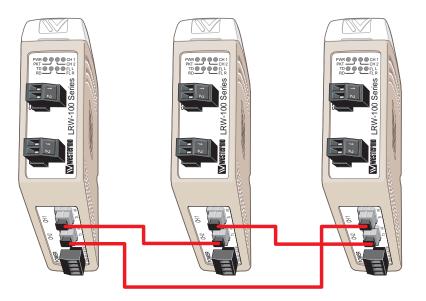
Configure the network

■ Check that it is running correctly with the electrical serial network.

Prepare the fibre optical network

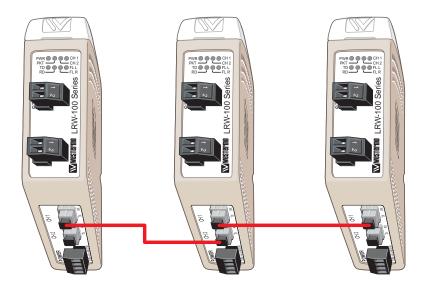
- Connect the fibre links between the units.
- Connect the power supply to all units.
- **III** The Fibre links should be in operation, indicated by active CH 1 LED's.
- **III** Connect the LON equipment to the LRW-102PP.
- **III** The point-to-point application is up and running.

Redundant ring with Bi-di transceivers



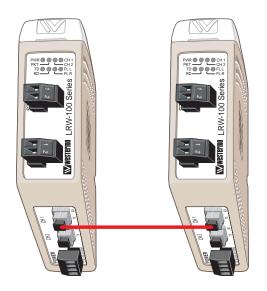
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3
CH2	Bi-di 1550 nm	Bi-di 1550 nm	Bi-di 1550 nm
CH1	Bi-di 1310 nm	Bi-di 1310 nm	Bi-di 1310 nm

Multidrop with Bi-di transceivers



	End unit 1	Unit 2	End unit 3
CH2	—	Bi-di 1550 nm	-
CH1	Bi-di 1310 nm	Bi-di 1310 nm	Bi-di 1550 nm

Point-to-point with Bi-di transceivers



	Unit 1	Unit 2
CH1	Bi-di 1310 nm	Bi-di 1550 nm

- Note: With Bi-di fibre it is necessary to have one 1310 nm in one end and 1550 nm in the other end.
 - Bi-di 1310 nm will transmit with 1310 nm and resceive with 1550 nm.
 - Bi-di 1550 nm will transmitt with 1550 nm and resceive with 1310 nm.



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