10 SERIES GH SERIES

Micro-size Inductive Proximity Sensor Amplifier-separated





High accuracy sensing with a slim-size sensor

Slim & small

The amplifier is extremely slim, just 10 mm 0.394 in thick. This results in a compact size even if several amplifiers are mounted in a row. Moreover, the sensor head is also extremely small, the smallest being just $\phi 2.8 \text{ mm } \phi 0.110 \text{ in } (GH-2S).$

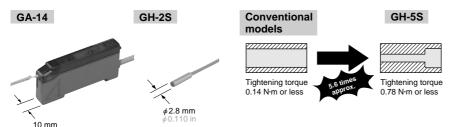
Reliable

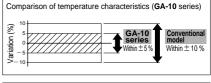
The sensor heads (GH-3S, GH-5S, GH-8S and GH-F8S) have IP67 protection.

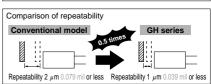
Further, the tightening torque has been significantly improved due to its thick case.

Accurate

Fine adjustments are possible by its 18-turn, wide adjustment range sensitivity adjuster. Besides, its repeatability is 1 μ m 0.039 mil or less and its temperature characteristics have been improved to twice as good as those of conventional models. Hence, it is suitable for high accuracy positioning applications.

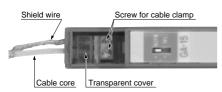






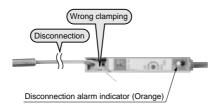
Screw tightening type available GA-15

GA-15 enables sensor head connection by screw tightening. Moreover, since the cover of the connecting portion is transparent, it is possible to confirm whether the connection is proper.



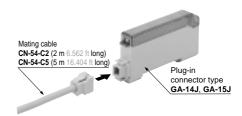
Disconnection alarm indicator

If the sensor head cable is damaged, or misconnected, the disconnection alarm indicator (orange LED) lights up for your attention.



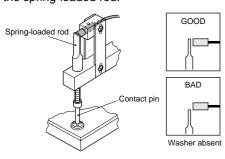
Wire-saving

Amplifier with a plug-in connector, which is connectable to the sensor block of an S-LINK system, or to the sensor block for simple wiring SL-BMW or SL-BW, or to a mating cable, is also available.



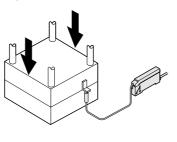
Note: The above photograph shows GA-14J.

absence of a washer by the height of the spring-loaded rod.

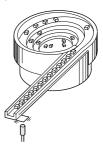


The sensor detects even a minute misalignment.

Aligning press molds



The sensor detects whether the feeder is vibrating.



ORDER GUIDE

Sensor heads

Туре	Appearance (mm in)	Sensing range (Note)	Model No.	Hysteresis
	\$2.8 \$0.110 12- 0.472	Maximum operation distance 1.2 mm 0.047 in 4 (0 to 0.6 mm 0 to 0.024 in) Stable sensing range	GH-2S	0.07 mm 0.0028 in or less
Cylindrical type	¢3.8 ¢0.150 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	1.8 mm 0.071 in (0 to 0.8 mm 0 to 0.031 in)	GH-3S	0.05 mm 0.0020 in or less
Cylindri	\$5.4 \$0.213 15 0.591	2.4 mm 0.094 in (0 to 1.0 mm 0 to 0.039 in)	GH-5S	0.0020 III O less
		4.0mm	GH-8S	0.04 mm 0.0016 in or less
Spatter- resistant type	8 (0 to 2.0 mm 0 to 0.079 in) 0.157 in		GH-F8S	0.04 min 0.00 fo in or less

Note: The stable sensing range represents the sensing range for which the sensor can satisfy all the given specifications with the standard sensing object.

The maximum operation distance represents the maximum distance for which the sensor can detect the standard sensing object at $+20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ $+68\,^{\circ}\text{F}$ constant ambient temperature.

Usage within the stable sensing range is recommended for accurate sensing applications.

Amplifiers

Туре	Appearance	Model No.	Supply voltage	Output
One-touch clamping	***	GA-14	12 to 24 V DC ± 10 %	NPN open-collector
Screw		GA-15	12 to 24 v DC ± 10 %	transistor

ORDER GUIDE

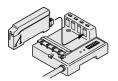
5 m 16.404 ft cable length type and plug-in connector type

5 m 16.404 ft cable length type(standard: 2 m 6.562 ft) and plug-in connector type (standard: cable type) are also available.

• Table of Model Nos.

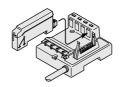
Туре	Standard	5 m 16.404 ft cable length type	Plug-in connector type
One-touch clamping	GA-14	GA-14-C5	GA-14J
Screw tightening	GA-15	GA-15-C5	GA-15J

Plug-in connector type is usable with the sensor & wire-saving link system **S-LINK**, sensor block for simple wiring **SL-BMW** or **SL-BW**, or with connector attached cable **CN-54-C2** or **CN-54-C5**.



Sensor & wire-saving link system S-LINK

(Refer to p.1030~ for details.)



Sensor block for simple wiring **SL-BMW**, **SL-BW**

(Refer to p.882~ for details.)



Accessory

• MS-DIN-2 (Amplifier mounting bracket)



OPTIONS

Designation	Model No.	Description
Sensor head	MS-SS3	Mounting bracket for GH-3S
mounting	MS-SS5	Mounting bracket for GH-5S
bracket	MS-SS8	Mounting bracket for GH-8S

Sensor head mounting bracket

- · MS-SS3
- MS-SS5
- MS-SS8

The sensor head can be easily fixed.



SPECIFICATIONS

Amplifiers

	Туре	One-touch clamping	Screw tightening		
Iter	m Model No.	GA-14	GA-15		
Applicable sensor head		GH series			
Sup	ply voltage	12 to 24 V DC \pm 10 %	Ripple P-P 10 % or less		
Cur	rent consumption	25 mA	or less		
Sensing output		NPN open-collector transistor • Maximum sink current: 100 mA • Applied voltage: 30 V DC or less (between sensing output and 0 V) • Residual voltage: 1 V or less (at 100 mA sink current) 0.4 V or less (at 16 mA sink current)			
	Output operation	Switchable either Normall	y open or Normally closed		
	Short-circuit protection	Incorp	orated		
Disconnection alarm output		NPN open-collector transistor • Maximum sink current: 100 mA • Applied voltage: 30 V DC or less (between disconnection alarm output and 0 V) • Residual voltage: 1 V or less (at 100 mA sink current) 0.4 V or less (at 16 mA sink current)			
	Output operation	ON when the sensor head cable is disconnected or misconnected			
	Short-circuit protection				
Max	k. response frequency	3.3 kHz			
Оре	eration indicator	Red LED (lights up when the sensing output is ON)			
Disc	connection alarm indicator	Orange LED (lights up when the disconnection alarm output is ON)			
Sen	sitivity adjuster	18-turn potentiometer			
е	Ambient temperature	- 10 to $+$ 60 °C $+$ 14 to $+$ 140 °F (No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage : $-$ 20 to $+$ 70 °C $-$ 4 to $+$ 158 °F			
Environmental resistance	Ambient humidity	35 to 85 % RH, Storage: 35 to 85 % RH			
resis	Noise immunity	Power line: 240 Vp, 10 ms cycle and 0.5 μ s pulse width; Radiation: 300 Vp, 10 ms cycle and 0.5 μ s pulse width (with noise simulator)			
ıntal	Voltage withstandability	1,000 V AC for one min. between all supply	terminals connected together and enclosure		
nme	Insulation resistance	20 $\mbox{M}\Omega,$ or more, with 250 V DC megger between all	supply terminals connected together and enclosure		
nvirc	Vibration resistance	10 to 150 Hz frequency, 0.75 mm 0.030 in amplitude in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each			
В	Shock resistance	100 m/s² acceleration (10 G approx.) in X, Y and Z directions for five times each			
Tem	perature characteristics (Note)	Within ± 5 %			
Mat	erial	Enclosure: Heat-resistant ABS, Cover: Polycarbonate, Ca	able lock lever: PPS (GA-14 only), DIN rail stopper: POM		
Cab	ble	0.2 mm ² 4-core cabtyre cable, 2 m 6.562 ft long			
Cab	ole extension	Extension up to total 100 m 328.084 ft is	s possible with 0.3 mm², or more, cable.		
Wei	ght	65 g a	pprox.		
Acc	essories	MS-DIN-2 (Amplifier mounting bracket): 1 pc., Adjusting screwdriver: 1 pc.			

Note: The value of the temperature characteristics gives the variation in the operation distance, that has been set within the stable sensing range at \pm 20 °C \pm 68 °F, for an ambient temperature drift from 0 to \pm 55 °C \pm 32 to \pm 131 °F.

SPECIFICATIONS

Sensor heads

Туре		Туре	Cylindrical type			Spatter-resistant type	
Iter	n \	Model No.	GH-2S	GH-3S	GH-5S	GH-8S	GH-F8S
Applicable amplifier		lifier			GA-10 series		
Stable sensing range (Note 1)			0 to 0.6 mm 0 to 0.024 in	in 0 to 0.8 mm 0 to 0.031 in 0 to 1.0 mm 0 to 0.039 in 0 to 2.0 mm 0 to 0.079 in			0 to 0.079 in
Max	. operation	distance (Note 1)	1.2 mm 0.047 in	1.8 mm 0.071 in	2.4 mm 0.094 in	4.0 mm	0.157 in
Star	ndard sensi	ng object	Iron sheet 5 >	5 × t 1 mm 0.197 × 0.19	7×t 0.039 in	Iron sheet 10×10×t 1 mm	n 0.394 × 0.394 × t 0.039 in
Hys	teresis (No	te 2)	0.07 mm 0.003 in or less	0.05 mm 0.0	002 in or less	0.04mm 0.0	02 in or less
Repeatability (Note 2) Along sensing axis, perpendicular to sensing axis: 1 µm or less							
ance	Protection		IP50 (IEC)	IP67 (IEC), IP67g (JEM)			
esista	Ambient te	mperature	- 10 to + 60 °C 14 to + 140 °F, Storage: - 20 to + 70 °C − 4 to + 158 °F				
ental r	Ambient h	umidity	35 to 85 % RH, Storage: 35 to 85 % RH				
Environmental resistance	Vibration r	esistance	10 to 55 Hz frequency, 1.5 mm 0.059 in amplitude in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each				
Envi	Shock resi	stance	5	00 m/s² acceleration (50 G approx.) in X, Y and Z directions for five times each			ch
Tem	perature char	acteristics (Note 3)	Within ± 7 %	Within ± 5 %		Within ± 4 %	
Material			Enclosure: Stainless steel (SUS303) Sensing part: PVC	Enclosure: Stainless steel (SUS303) Sensing part: ABS	Enclosure: Stainless steel (SUS303) Sensing part: PAR	Enclosure: Stainless steel (SUS303) Sensing part: ABS	Enclosure: Stainless steel (SUS303) Sensing part: Fluorine resin
Cable			Oil resis			Spatter resistant cable (cable sheath: fluorine resin), 3 m 9.843 ft long	
Wei	ght		15 g approx.	30 g a	pprox.	40 g approx.	55 g approx.

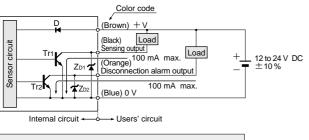
Notes: 1) The stable sensing range represents the sensing range for which the sensor can satisfy all the given specifications with the standard sensing object. The maximum operation distance represents the maximum distance for which the sensor can detect the standard sensing object at +20 °C +68 °F constant ambient temperature.

Usage within the stable sensing range is recommended for accurate sensing applications.

- 2) Value is given for the stable sensing range.
- 3) The value represents the variation in the operation distance, that has been set within the stable sensing range at +20 °C +68 °F, for an ambient temperature drift from 0 to +55 °C +32 to +131 °F.
- 4) The length of the sensor head cable cannot be changed.

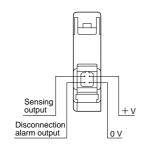
I/O CIRCUIT AND WIRING DIAGRAMS

I/O circuit diagram

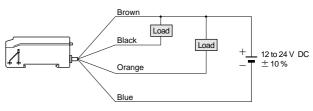


Symbols ... D: Reverse supply polarity protection diode ZD1, ZD2: Surge absorption zener diode Tr1, Tr2 : NPN output transistor

Pin position of plug-in connector type (GA-14J, GA-15J)



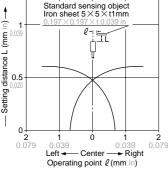
Wiring diagram



SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

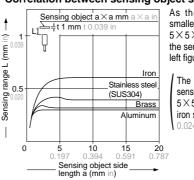
GH-2S

Sensing field



The graph on the left is plotted with the sensitivity adjusted so as to just detect a 5×5×t1 mm 0.197×0.197×t 0.039 in iron sheet placed at a distance of 0.6 mm

Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range

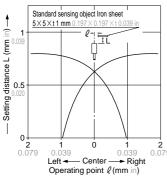


As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (iron sheet $5 \times 5 \times t \ 1 \ mm \ 0.197 \times 0.197 \times t \ 0.039 \ in),$ the sensing range shortens as shown in the left figure.

The graph on the left is plotted with the sensitivity adjusted so as to just detect a 5×5×t1 mm 0.197×0.197 iron sheet placed at a distance of 0.6 mm

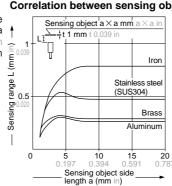
GH-3S

Sensing field



The graph on the left is plotted with the sensitivity adjusted so as to just detect a 5×5×t1 mm 0.197×0.197 iron sheet placed at a distance of 0.8 mm

Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range

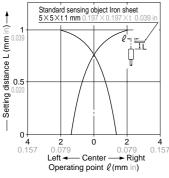


As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (iron sheet $5 \times 5 \times t \ 1 \ mm \ 0.197 \times 0.197 \times t \ 0.039 \ in),$ the sensing range shortens as shown in the left figure.

The graph on the left is plotted with the sensitivity adjusted so as to just detect a 5 X 5 X t 1 mm 0.197 X 0.197 X t 0.039 in iron sheet placed at a distance of 0.8 mm

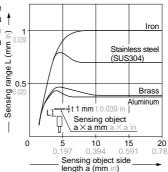
GH-5S

Sensing field



The graph on the left is plotted with the sensitivity adjusted so as to just detect a 5×5×t1 mm 0.197×0.197×t 0.039 in iron sheet placed at a distance of 1.0 mm

Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range

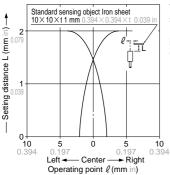


As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (iron sheet $5 \times 5 \times t \ 1 \ mm \ 0.197 \times 0.197 \times t \ 0.039 \ in)$ the sensing range shortens as shown in the left figure.

The graph on the left is plotted with the sensitivity adjusted so as to just detect a 5×5×t1 mm 0.197×0.197×t 0.039 in iron sheet placed at a distance of 1.0 mm

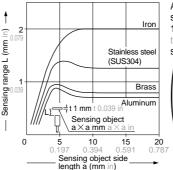
GH-8S GH-F8S

Sensing field



The graph on the left is plotted with the sensitivity adjusted so as to just detect a $10 \times 10 \times t$ 1 mm $0.394 \times 0.394 \times t$ 0.039 in iron sheet placed at a distance of 2.0 mm

Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range



As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (iron sheet $10 \times 10 \times t$ 1 mm $0.394 \times 0.394 \times$ t 0.039 in), the sensing range shortens as shown in the left figure.

The graph on the left is plotted with the sensitivity adjusted so as to just detect a 10 X 10 X t 1 mm 0.394 X 0.394 X t 0.039 in iron sheet placed at a distance of 2.0 mm

PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Refer to p.1152~ for general precautions.



This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

Mounting of the amplifier

- Make sure to connect the GH sensor head to the GA-10 amplifier correctly, or malfunction will occur.
- Do not shorten or lengthen the sensor head cable.

How to mount the amplifier

1) Fit the rear part of the amplifier on the attached amplifier mounting bracket (MS-DIN-2) or a 35 mm 1.378 in width

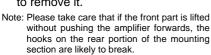


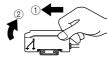
2) Press down the front part of the amplifier bracket or 35 mm 1.378 on the attached amplifier mounting width DIN rail bracket (MS-DIN-2) or DIN rail to fit it.

Attached amplifier mounting

How to remove the amplifier

- 1 Push the amplifier forward.
- ② Lift up the front part of the amplifier to remove it.

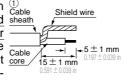




Sensor head cable connection

GA-14□

1) Prepare the cable end as shown in Cable the right figure, and twist the shield sheat wire and the cable core inner conductor, respectively. If they are not twisted properly, they may not core enter the inlets resulting in misconnection.

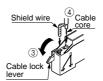


Note: Peel off the cable sheath and notice that along with the core wire itself, there is another shield wire. Separate the shield wire from the core wire and proceed with mounting.

2 Open the cover.



- 3 Flip the cable lock lever down.
- 4 Referring to the cable connection diagram at the side of the amplifier, insert the shield wire and the cable core straight into the inlets, without Cable lock bending them.



- ⑤ Flip up the cable lock lever to lock the cable.
- 6 Make sure to fit the cover on the amplifier after connecting the sensor head.



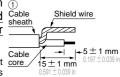
Note: If there is a shred of the cable left inside the cable inlet, remove it before connecting the sensor head cables. Turn the amplifier upside down, and tap it around the holes. If the shred still remains, peel the bottom seal off the amplifier, and drop it out. (The seal is reusable.)



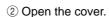


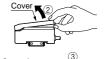
GA-15□

1 Prepare the cable end as shown in 1 the right figure, and twist the shield Cable wire and the cable core inner conductor, respectively.

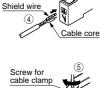


Note: Peel off the cable sheath and notice that core along with the core wire itself, there is another shield wire. Separate the shield wire from the core wire and proceed with mounting.





- 3 Loosen the screw for the cable clamp by turning it counterclockwise.
- 4 Referring to the cable connection Shield wire diagram at the side of the amplifier, insert the shield wire and the cable core straight into the inlets, without bending them.
- ⑤ Tighten the screw for the cable clamp by turning it clockwise. The tightening torque should be 0.15 N·m or less.



6 Make sure to fit the cover on the amplifier after connecting the sensor head.

Note: Take care since the shield wire may get slightly exposed.



Mounting of the sensor head

How to mount the sensor head

 The tightening torque should be as given below. Make sure to use a set screw with a cup-point end.



Model No.	Tightening torque	A (mm in)
GH-2S	0.17 N·m	3 0.118 or more
GH-3S	0.17 N·m	4 0.157 or more
GH-5S	0.78 N·m	5 0.197 or more
GH-8S GH-F8S	0.59 N·m	5 0.197 or more

Note: Do not tighten excessively.

Distance from surrounding metal

· If there is a metal near the sensor head, it may affect the sensing performance. Keep the minimum distance specified in the table below.



Model No.	B (mm in)
GH-2S	3 0.118
GH-3S	4 0.157
GH-5S	5 0.197
GH-8S GH-F8S	9 0.354

PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Refer to p.1152~ for general precautions.

Mutual interference

· When two or more sensors are installed in parallel or face to face, keep the minimum separation distance specified below to avoid mutual interference.

<Face to face mounting> <Parallel mounting>



Model No.	C (mm in)	D (mm in)
GH-2S	15 0.591	10 0.394
GH-3S	20 0.787	15 0.591
GH-5S	25 0.984	20 0.787
GH-8S GH-F8S	40 1.575	26 1.024

Sensing range

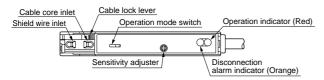
• The sensing range is specified for the standard sensing object. With a non-ferrous metal, the sensing range is obtained by multiplying with the correction coefficient specified below.

Correction coefficient

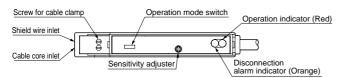
Model No.	GH-2S	GH-3S	GH-5S	GH-8S GH-F8S
Iron	1	1	1	1
Stainless steel (SUS304)	0.68 approx.	0.55 approx.	0.69 approx.	0.64 approx.
Brass	0.53 approx.	0.35 approx.	0.41 approx.	0.37 approx.
Aluminum	0.51 approx.	0.33 approx.	0.39 approx.	0.32 approx.

Part description

GA-14□



GA-15□



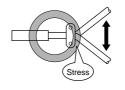
Sensitivity adjustment

Step	Sensing condition		Adjustment	Sensitivity adjuster
1	mod	the operation de switch to NORM. ial setting)	• Turn the sensitivity adjuster fully counterclockwise. (Minimum sensitivity)	MIN
	Approach along sensing axis	Sensing object Sensor Movement head axis	Place the sensing object within the stable sensing range. Turn the sensitivity adjuster clockwise and set it at the point (a) where the operation indicator lights up.	MIN (A)
2	Approach perpendicular to sensing axis	Sensing object Sensor Movement Sensor head	Place the sensing object within the stable sensing range. Turn the sensitivity adjuster clockwise, and set it at the optimum sensing point ® which is a little beyond the point ® where the operation indicator lights up.	MAX
3	Select the operation mode as per your application. (NORM.: Normally open, INV.: Normally closed)			

Note: Use the accessory screwdriver to turn the adjuster slowly. Turning with excessive strength will cause damage to the adjuster.

Others

- Do not use during the initial transient time (500 ms) after the power supply is switched on.
- Do not use the sensor at places having intense vibrations, as this can cause malfunction.
- · When the sensor head is mounted on a moving base. stress should not be applied to the sensor cable joint.

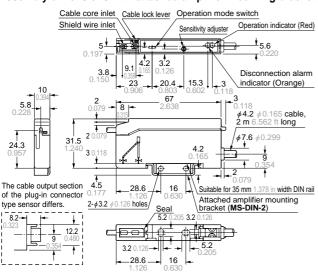




DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)

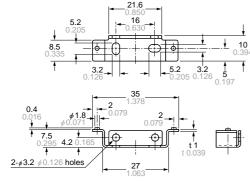
GA-14 Amplifier

Assembly dimensions with attached amplifier mounting bracket



Note: The top view is without the cable and the cover.

MS-DIN-2 Amplifier mounting bracket (Accessory for amplifier)

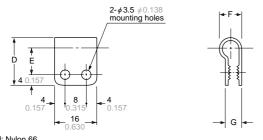


Material: Cold rolled carbon steel (SPCC)

(Uni-chrome plated)

MS-SS3 MS-SS5 MS-SS8

Sensor head mounting bracket (Optional)

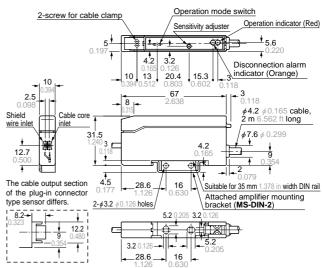


Material: Nvlon 66

Symbol Model No.	MS-SS3	MS-SS5	MS-SS8
D	16 0.630	18 0.709	20 0.787
E	9 0.354	10 0.394	11 0.433
F	6.3 0.248	8.3 0.327	10.3 0.406
G	4.9 0.193	6.1 0.240	6.5 0.256
Applicable sensor head model No.	GH-3S	GH-5S	GH-8S

GA-15 Amplifier

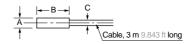
Assembly dimensions with attached amplifier mounting bracket



Note: The top view is without the cable and the cover.

GH-2S GH-3S GH-5S GH-8S GH-F8S

Sensor head



Model No.	А	В	С
GH-2S	φ2.8 φ 0.110	12 0.472	φ1.6 φ 0.063
GH-3S	φ3.8 φ 0.150	15 0.591	φ2.5 φ 0.098
GH-5S	φ5.4 φ 0.213	15 0.591	φ2.5 φ 0.098
GH-8S	♦8.0 ♦ 0.315	15 0.591	φ 2.5 φ 0.098
GH-F8S	♦8.0 ♦ 0.315	15 0.591	φ2.65 φ 0.104