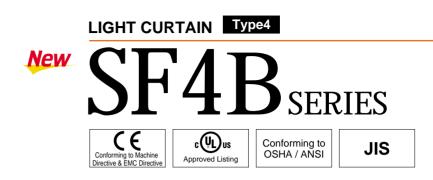
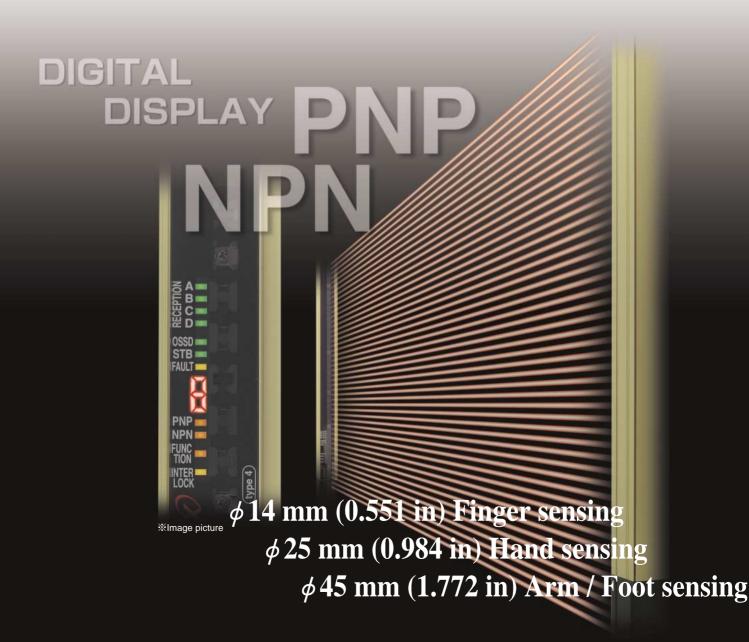


LIGHT CURTAIN



The SUNX' light curtain uses new concepts and combines even greater safety with higher productivity



New concepts in design driving toward greater safety and higher productivity

The high level of resistance to disturbance from extraneous light that was a basic feature of the SF4-A series has been maintained in this new series, but a variety of new concepts have been incorporated into the new series, including more compact machine tool size due to a reduction in the safety distance, muting control circuits which have been built into the light curtain, and an override function that allows the manufacturing line to restart operation after the line has stopped even while muting control was active. These functions all contribute to a light curtain that provides greatly improved safety with no losses in productivity.

Avoids line stoppages when a workpiece passes through

Muting unit function is built into light curtain Productivity maintained by muting function

SF4Bseries

Contributes to miniaturization of machinery

Minimum sensing object size is ∉14 mm (0.551 in) Finger protection type appear Safety distance greatly shortened to improve productivity New Concepts from SUNX Combining Greater Safety and Higher Productivity !

SF4Bseries

Reduces losses in line utilization rate

Incorporates advanced ELCA function Reduces malfunction due to mutual interference and extraneous light

Greater maintenance efficiency!

Supports both PNP and NPN polarities The single model is universally compatible to

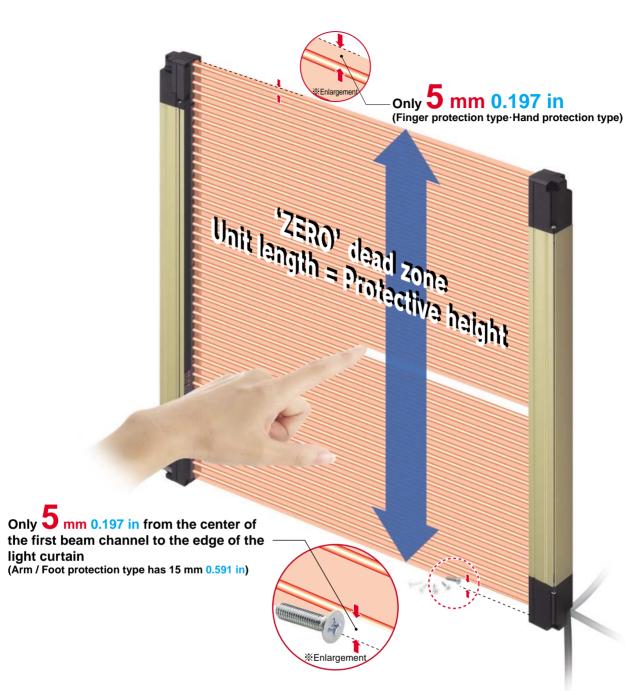
improve maintenance efficiency.

3

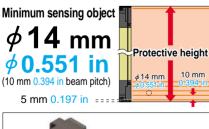
Less setup time for safety circuits

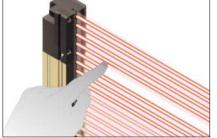
Adoption of a special control unit Safety circuits can be designed and constructed easily.





Finger protection type





Hand protection type

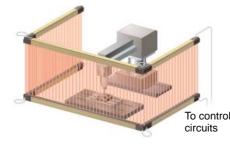


Arm / Foot protection type

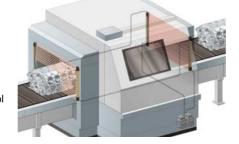


AUDIN 3. avenue de la malle . 51370 Saint Brice Courcelles - Tel : 03.26.04.20.21 - Fax : 03.26.04.28.20 - Web : http://www.audin.fr - Email : info@audin.fr miniaturization of machinery Minimum sensing object ϕ 14 mm ϕ 0.551 in Finger protection type appear Safety distance greatly shortened to improve productivity Safety distance greatly shortened to improve productivity! Safety distance A finger protection type model improves productivity and reduced on-floor costs in line with more compact machinery. The finger protection type can detect very small objects with diameters of as small as 14 mm Maximum 0.551 in, so that the safety distance based on the ISO 13855 international standard has been shortened from previous models to a maximum of 122 mm 4.803 in. With production machinery becoming more compact, down this helps contribute to improved productivity and more efficient utilization of space. Characteristic safety distance for equipment Characteristic safety distance for light curtain Maximum 122 mm 4.803 in greatly shortened Finger protection type SF4R (10 mm 0 4 in pitch) Mounting position of SF4B Hand protection type (20 mm 0.787 in pitch) Previous model Mounting position of previous model Same response time of 14 ms and constant safety distance! Finger protection Characteristic distance A fast response time of 14 ms has been achieved Safety type: 28 mm 1.102 in for the machinery's regardless of the number of beam channels, the Hand protection distance beam axis pitches and the number of units maximum stopping time type: 116 mm^{*} 4.567 ir connected in series. This reduces calculation work required for the safety distances. **This is the characteristic safety distance for the light curtain as defined by ISO 13855. Calculate the safety distance by including the machinery's maximum stopping time. Furthermore refer to the relevant standards of the region where this device is to be used, and then install this device. Max. 5.730 mm Maximum 1,910 mm 225.590 in when 197 in connecting 3 units Up to a maximum 3 sets can be connected in series in series with same 14 ms response time A wide range of variations are available with protective heights of 230 to 1,910 mm 9.055 to 75.197 in (1,270 mm 50.000 in for the finger protection type). Optional cable for series connection can be used to connect up to a maximum of 3 sets (maximum 192 light beams) in series. The reduced amount of wiring needed lowers costs and also helps to prevent interference. Minimum 230 mm 9.055 in

• Up to 3 sets can be connected in series!



• Cables for series connection are available in lengths of up to 5 m 16.404 ft!



• Series connection of different types is possible. Hand protection type (Intrusion detection)



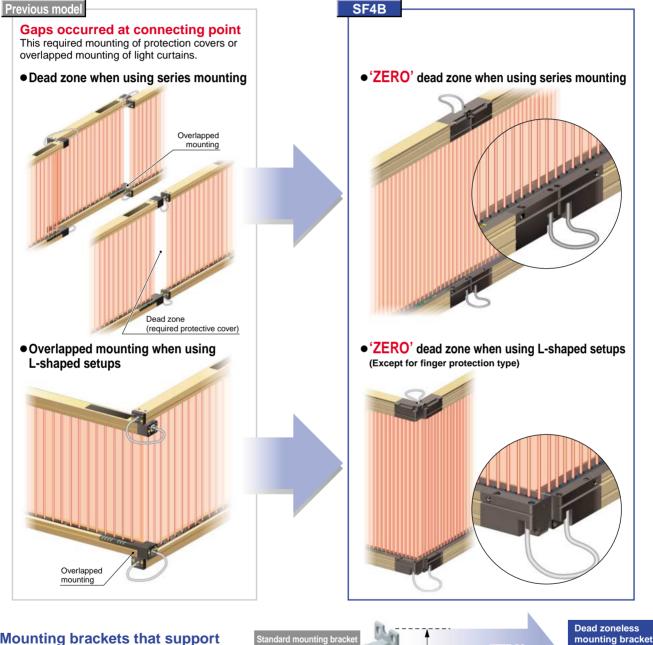
Arm / Foot protection type (Presence sensing)

Unit length = protective height, so mounting is possible with no dead zone.

'ZERO' dead zone New concept

Unit length = protective height, so that no dead zone can occur in the interfaces between light curtains when units are connected in series.

The equipment can be used with confidence because there are no dangerous openings resulting from dead zone.



Mounting brackets that support 'ZERO' dead zone

Special brackets are available to mount the units in order to create 'ZERO' dead zone. Workability is excellent because mounting and beam axis alignment are possible from the front of the light curtain. P.5

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'ZERO'

dead zone

ad zone

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a workpiece passes through

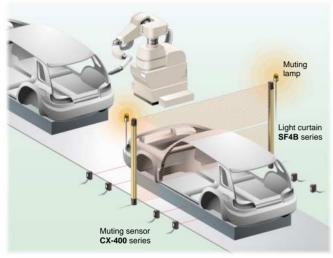
Muting unit function is built into light curtain

Productivity maintained by muting control function

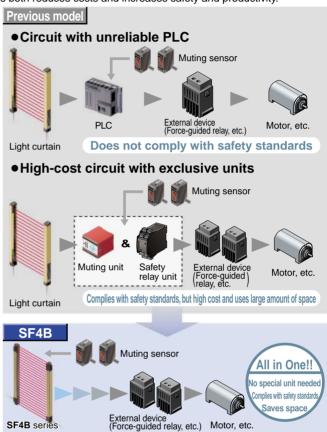
Is the circuit designed to suspend the light curtain from responding when a workpiece passes through it?

A muting control function is provided to increase both safety and productivity.

The light curtain is equipped with a muting control function that causes the line to stop only when a human body passes through the light curtain, and does not stop the line when a workpiece passes through. The muting sensors and muting indicators can be connected directly to the light curtain, so that a special controller is not required for muting. This both reduces costs and increases safety and productivity.



• Avoiding line stoppages when a workpiece passes through The light curtain has a built-in muting function that causes the light curtain to ignore workpiece when two or more of the four muting sensors are interrupted simultaneously as a result of a workpiece passing by. This prevents the line from stopping when a workpiece passes through the light curtain, thereby maintaining productivity. When a person passes through the light curtain, two or more of the muting sensors are not interrupted, and so the muting function is not activated.

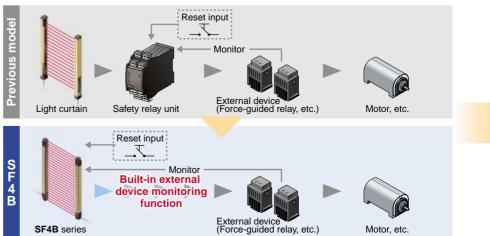


Equipped with a safety circuit that does not require a exclusive safety relay unit New concept

The safety relay unit capability is built into the light curtain, so component costs can be reduced.

The light curtain has a built-in external device monitoring function (such as for fused relay monitoring) and an interlock function. The safety circuit is constructed so that a separate safety relay unit is not needed, and the control board is also more compact, which both help contribute to lower costs.

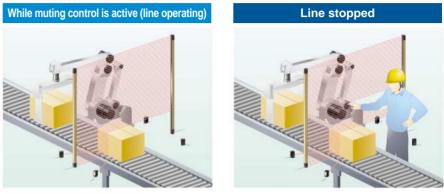




Separate muting control function for each beam channel improves safety

The **SFB-HC*** Handy-Controller (optional, refer to p. 11) can be used to carry out muting control for specified beam channels only. Because individual beam channels can be specified to suit the workpiece, separate guards to prevent entry do not need to be set up.

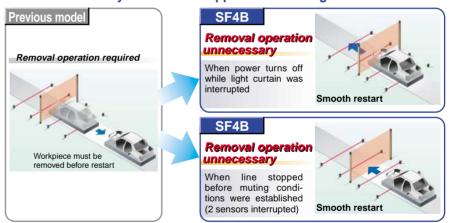
A Handy-controller cannot be used with the **SF4B-**-**01**.

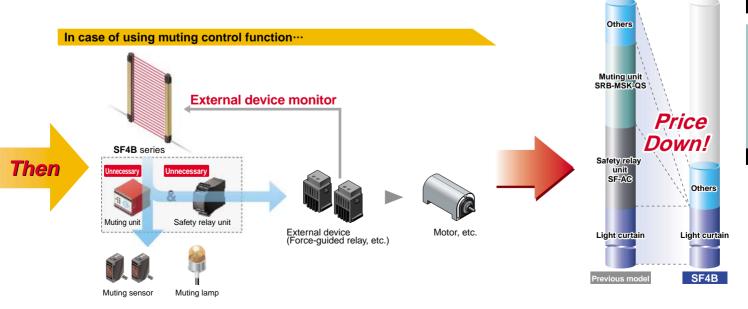


For example, depending on the height of the workpiece, the muting function can be activated for 10 beam channels starting from the bottom, so that if the 11th or subsequent beam channels are interrupted, it is judged that a person has entered the area and the line stops.

Override function allows the line to be restarted smoothly after it has stopped while muting control was active

In case the power turns off while the light curtain has been interrupted by a workpiece or in case the line stops before the muting conditions have been established (if only one muting sensor has been interrupted), the machinery can be restarted. With the special units used previously, muting control was not allowed after a workpiece had interrupted the light curtain. So, the workpiece needed to be removed before the line could be restarted. However, the override function allows the line to be restarted smoothly without having to remove the workpiece that is interrupting the light curtain.





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Incorporates advanced ELCA function

Reduces malfunction due to mutual interference and extraneous light

The advanced ELCA function used in the SF4A that has been widely acclaimed by the marketplace has also been adopted into the SF4B in order to suppress mutual interference and the effects of extraneous light.

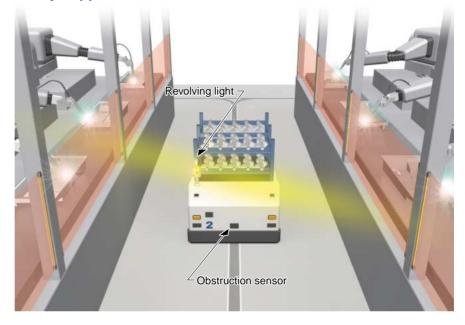
Stops line operating losses before they happen

• Mutual interference is reduced without need for interference prevention lines

The light curtain is equipped with the ELCA (Extraneous Light Check & Avoid) function which has already gained strong approval in the marketplace for its powerful suppression of mutual interference between sensors. Because it automatically shifts the scan timing of the light curtain in order to avoid interference, it is not necessary to wire interference prevention lines between machineries, so that the sensors can be positioned with much greater flexibility.

• Reducing the number of malfunctions caused by extraneous light

A double scanning method and retry processing are two new functions exclusive to SUNX that have been established in the workplace as being effective in eliminating the effects of momentary extraneous light from peripheral equipment. The reduction in operating errors caused by extraneous light reduces frequent stopping of machinery and helps to prevent losses in line operating efficiency.

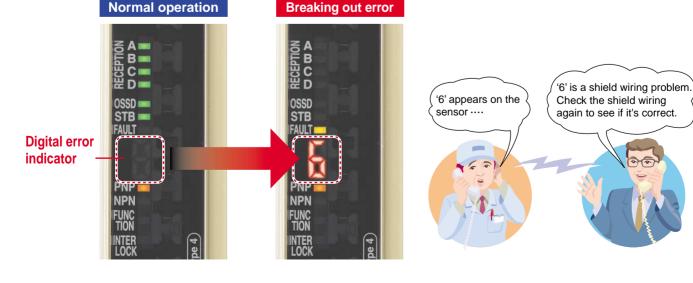


Supports resolution of electrical problems when starting up lines

Equipped with a digital error indicator so that error details can be understood at a glance!

The system constantly checks the light curtain for problems such as incorrect cable wiring, disconnection and short-circuits, and also for internal circuit problems and incoming light problems. If a problem should occur, the same output (OFF signal) as when the object was detected is maintained in order to ensure safety, and the details of the error appear on the digital display. The error details can be checked at a glance without the inconvenience of the previous method of counting the number of LED blinks, so that

The error details can be checked at a glance without the inconvenience of the previous method of counting the number of LED blinks, so that smooth support is possible if problems occur at startup and during maintenance operations, even if assistance is given via telephone.



Convenient tool facilitates easy beam alignment Reduces installation time significantly

The beam-axis alignment indicators that incident light position can be seen at a glance

Beam-axis alignment indicators display the beam channels of the light curtain in four blocks. When the beam channel at the bottom edge (or top edge) that is used as a reference for beam-axis alignments correctly aligned, the LED blinks red. After this, each block lights red as the beam channels successively become aligned, and when all beam channels are aligned, all LEDs light green. The display also has a stability indicator (STB) added so that setup can be carried out with greater stability too.



Greatly improving ease of installation working

The hexagon-socket head bolts on the mounting brackets for aligning the beam axis can be tightened from in front of the light curtain, so that work can be carried out easily while checking the hexagon-socket head bolt positions. This makes it much easier to adjust the sensor angles when carrying out beam-axis alignment and greatly improves ease of installation work.

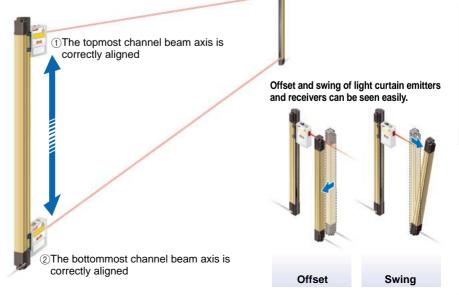


Alignment of beam axes can be accurately performed prior to power-up SF-LAT-2N

Beam-axis alignment indicator

Stability indicator

With **SF-LAT-2N** Laser Alignment Tool, the beam axes alignment can be quickly and easily performed using the easy-to-see laser beam spot, even when light curtain units are installed long distances apart. In addition, as the **SF-LAT-2N** Laser Alignment Tool is battery-operated; beam axes alignment can be performed before actual powering on of the light curtain itself.



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of control output operation level

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Greater maintenance efficiency!

Supports both PNP and NPN polarities

Conforming to Machine	culus	Conforming to	JIS
Directive & EMC Directive	pproved Listing	OSHA / ANSI	

The single model is universally compatible to improve maintenance efficiency.

Use anywhere in the world

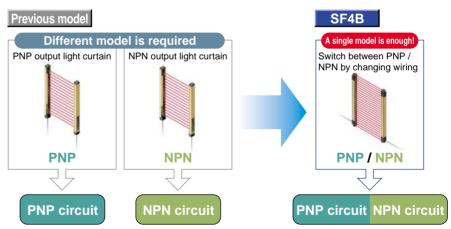
In Europe, America and Asia PNP output and NPN output in a single model !

Universal design that can be used anywhere in the world

Industry first

Supports both PNP and NPN polarities in a single model

• A single model has universal applicability The SF4B series combines PNP transistor output and NPN transistor output in a single model. Overseas equipment that uses PNP, replacement with NPN sensors, factories that are positively grounded, and transfer of equipment overseas are all situations where the control circuits for a single model are suitable for use worldwide.

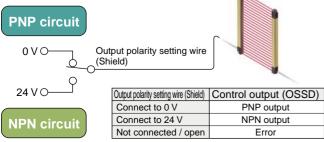


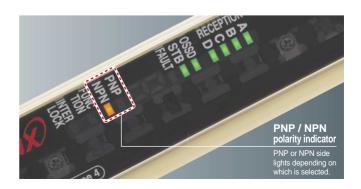
※ As of October 2004 and based on

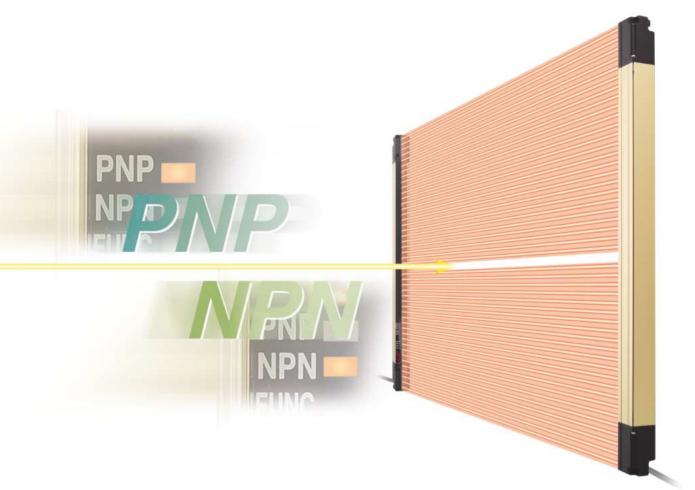
research conducted by SUNX.

• Polarity can be changed easily by changing wiring

When the output polarity setting wire (shielded) is connected to 0 V, PNP output is selected, and when it is connected to 24 V, it switches to NPN output.



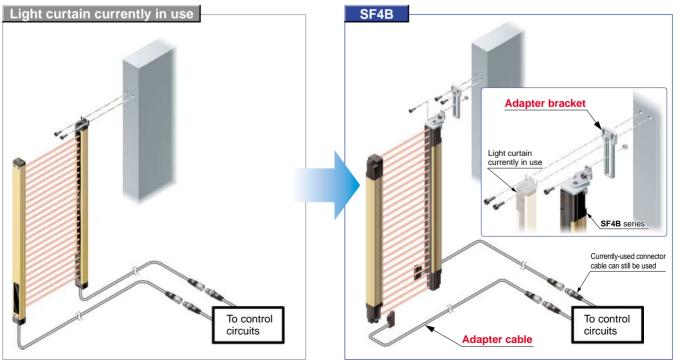




Supply of replacement parts, regardless of whether line is old or new

Adapter cables and adapter mounting brackets are available so that previous peripheral devices for light curtains can still be used.

Adapter cables and adapter brackets are available to make it much easier to replace the wiring when changing over from SF4-A series and SF2-EH series to a new series. Mounting holes and control circuit connector cables do not need to be changed, and replacement with SF4B series components can be carried out smoothly and there is no need to use replacement parts for previous models, so registration can be only SF4B series (components).



* For details, please contact our office.

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Greater maintenance

sfficiency!

Handy-controller

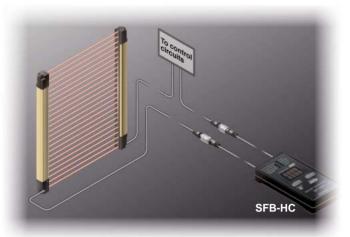
A variety of settings can be made to suit different applications

Safety circuits can be installed and configured easily

Handy-controller SFB-HC* that enables the user to select a variety of settings

Separate muting control function for each beam channel

The **SFB-HC**^{*} Handy-Controller can be used to carry out muting control for specified beam channels only. Because individual beam channels can be specified, additional guards to prevent entry do not need to be set up. (refer to p. 6.)

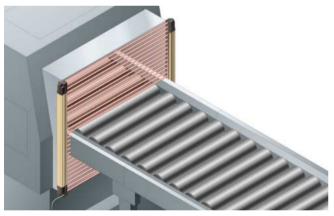


* A Handy-controller cannot be used with the SF4B--01.

Any valid beam channels can be selected! The SF4B series incorporates a fixed blanking function.

The **SF4B** series is equipped with a fixed blanking function that allows specific beam channels to be selectively blocked, without causing the control output (OSSD) to output the OFF signal. This function is convenient for use with applications in which certain fixed obstacles always block specific beam channels.

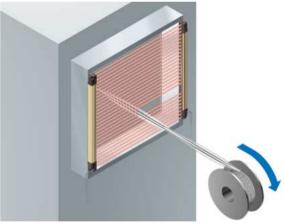
Furthermore, this function provides greater safety, as the control output (OSSD) will automatically output the OFF signal if the fixed obstacles are subsequently removed from the sensing area.



Auxiliary output has selectable output configuration

Non-specified beam channels can be deactivated ! The SF4B series incorporates a floating blanking function.

1, 2 or 3 non-specified beam channels can be deactivated. If the number of beam channels that are blocked is less than or equal to the set number of beam channels, then the control output (OSSD) will not output the OFF signal. This function is useful in the event that the positions of obstacles within the sensing area must be changed during workpiece rearrangement, or when workpiece go through the light curtain's sensing area.



Note: When the floating blanking function is used, the size of the min. sensing object is changed. Refer to 'PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE' (P.23) for details.

A variety of other functions can be selected

The output configuration of the auxiliary output can be changed. Mode No. Description 0 Negative logic of the control output (OSSD 1, OSSD 2) (factory setting) 1 Positive logic of the control output (OSSD 1, OSSD 2) 2 For emission: output ON, For non-emission: output OFF 3 For emission: output OFF, For non-emission: output ON 4 For unstable incident beam: OFF (Note 1) 5 For unstable incident beam: ON (Note 1) 6 For muting: ON 7 For muting: OFF 8 For beam received: ON, For beam interrupted: OFF (Note 2) For beam received: OFF, For beam interrupted: ON (Note 2) 9

Notes: 1) The output cannot be used while the fix blanking function, floating blanking function or the muting function is activated.

2) This device outputs the beam received / interrupted state under activating the auxiliary output switching function using the handy controller irrespective of activating other functions, fixed blanking function, floating blanking function, and muting function. • Emission intensity control function light. The two modes, normal mode and short mode, can be selected. The factory setting is set to the normal mode for the emission intensity control function.

• Setting monitoring This function allows the user to confirm the details of each sensor setting.

• Protection function in the password is not input, any setting change of the sensor cannot be allowed. The factory setting is set to invalid for the protect function.

•Copy function Allows settings details to be copied into other light curtains. In the event that the same setting must be input into several different light curtains, this function will reduce the time required for the input of settings.

Less setup time for safety circuits

Adoption of a special control unit

Safety circuits can be installed and configured easily.

Exclusive control unit is available for easy design and construction of safety circuits All models

Supports both PNP and NPN polarities Industry first

A single unit can be used for PNP / NPN input switching, reducing the number of parts that need to be registered.





Plug-in type control unit SF-C11

Quick-connection

Connecting to the light curtain is done using plug-in connections, which shortens setup and replacement time.

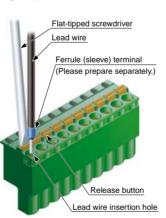


A spring method is used for the terminal blocks for connections other than to the light curtain. There is no need to control tightening torques for these terminal blocks.

Removable terminal blocks reduce maintenance time

Removable terminal blocks are used. This reduces the work required for reconnecting wiring during maintenance.







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Robust type control unit SF-C12

Metal enclosure with a IP65 protective structure Robust

The strong metal enclosure has a built-in safety relay. It has an IP65 protective structure, so that it can be set up individually without needing to be inserted into a control panel.

IP65 Metal enclosure

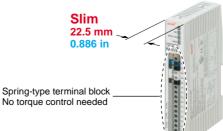
Connecting to the light curtain is done using plug-in connector connections



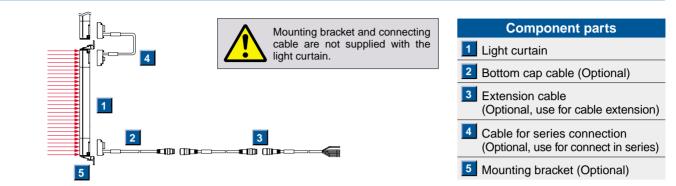
Slim type control unit SF-C1

Slim design Slim

22.5 mm 0.886 in thickness, so can be inserted even into narrow spaces inside panels.



PRODUCT LINEUP



ORDER GUIDE

1	Light	t curtains	Mounting bracket and conne	cting cable are not supplie	d with the light c	urtain. Please ord	er them separately.
٦	ӯре		Appearance	Operating range (Note 1)	Model No. (Note 2)	Number of beam channels	Protective height (mm in)
					SF4B-F23	23	230 9.055
tch)	(H	(f)	Beam 5 mm		SF4B-F31	31	310 12.205
Ð	Finger protection type Min. sensing object ∉14 mm 0.551 in (10 mm 0.394 in pitch)	-	channel 0.197 in		SF4B-F39	39	390 15.354
typ			No.		SF4B-F47	47	470 18.504
tion			Protective height		SF4B-F55	55	550 21.654
otec	bjea				SF4B-F63	63	630 24.803
r pro	o m 0 m			0.3 to 7 m	SF4B-F71	71	710 27.953
Iger	nsir n (1			0.984 to 22.966 ft	SF4B-F79	79	790 31.102
ιĒ	1. se 51 i	70			SF4B-F95	95	950 37.402
	Mir 0.5		Beam pitch 5 mm		SF4B-F111	111	1,110 43.701
			10 mm 0.197 in 0.394 in		SF4B-F127	127	1,270 50.000
					SF4B-H12	12	230 9.055
					SF4B-H16	16	310 12.205
			+		SF4B-H20	20	390 15.354
	(H			SF4B-H24	24	470 18.504	
đ	Min. sensing object ∉25 mm 0.984 in (20 mm 0.787 in pitch)	-	Beam 5 mm L channel 0.197 in No.		SF4B-H28	28	550 <u>21.654</u>
type	25 I 7 in	7 in			SF4B-H32	32	630 24.803
Hand protection type	ct φ 0.78			0.3 to 9 m 0.984 to 29.528 ft	SF4B-H36	36	710 27.953
tect	bje		Protective height		SF4B-H40	40	790 31.102
pro	o bu				SF4B-H48	48	950 37.402
and	nsir n (2				SF4B-H56	56	1,110 43.701
T	1. se 84 i				SF4B-H64	64	1,270 50.000
	Mir 0.9	9	El_0 22 ↓ La Beam pitch 5 mm 20 mm 0.197 in 0.787 in		SF4B-H72	72	1,430 56.299
					SF4B-H80	80	1,590 <u>62.598</u>
				0.3 to 7 m	SF4B-H88	88	1,750 <u>68.898</u>
				0.984 to 22.966 ft	SF4B-H96	96	1,910 75.197
					SF4B-A6	6	230 9.055
					SF4B-A8	8	310 12.205
			+		SF4B-A10	10	390 15.354
	(H	5			SF4B-A12	12	470 18.504
ype	pitc	-	Beam 15 mm		SF4B-A14	14	550 <u>21.654</u>
ont	45 I <mark>5 in</mark>		No.		SF4B-A16	16	630 24.803
ecti	ct φ I.57			0.3 to 9 m	SF4B-A18	18	710 27.953
Arm / Foot protection type	Min. sensing object ø45 mm 1.772 in (40 mm 1.575 in pitch)		Protective height	0.3 to 9 m 0.984 to 29.528 ft	SF4B-A20	20	790 31.102
pot	ng c		Beam pitch		SF4B-A24	24	950 37.402
/ F	ensii n (4		40 mm 1.575 in		SF4B-A28	28	1,110 43.701
Arm	ר. se 72 ו				SF4B-A32	32	1,270 50.000
1	Mir 1.7	9	15 mm		SF4B-A36	36	1,430 56.299
			15 mm 0.591 in		SF4B-A40	40	1,590 62.598
				0.2 to 7 m	SF4B-A44	44	1,750 68.898
				0.3 to 7 m 0.984 to 22.966 ft	SF4B-A48	48	1,910 75.197

Note: The 'operating range' is the possible setting distance between the emitter and the receiver. The sensor can detect less than 0.3 m 0.984 ft away.

Handy-controller non-compatible types Some models that cannot use the SFB-HC Handy-controller (optional) are also available. Order models with '-01' at the end of the model No. (Ex.) SF4B-F23 handy-controller non-compatible type: SF4B-F23-01 SUNX

ORDER GUIDE

2	3	4 C	onnecting cable / Extension cable / Cab	les for series con	nection Connecting ca	ble is not supplied with the light curtain. Please order it separately.		
	Туре		Appearance	Model No.	Description			
	0	Discrete wire		SFB-CCB3	Length: 3 m 9.843 ft Net weight 370 g approx. (2 cables)	Used for connecting to the light curtain and to other cables or the SF-C13 control unit. Two cables per set for emitter and receiver, Cable outer diameter: ϕ 6 mm ϕ 0.236 in		
	Bottom cap cable	Discr		SFB-CCB7	Length: 7 m 22.966 ft Net weight 820 g approx. (2 cables)	Cable color: Gray (for emitter), Gray with black line (for receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
	om ca	tor	<u>Γ</u> Έ.	SFB-CB05	Length: 0.5 m 1.640 ft Net weight 95 g approx. (2 cables)	Used for connecting to the light curtain and to an extension cable or the SF-C11 control unit.		
ldard)	Botte	Connector		SFB-CB5	Length: 5 m 16.404 ft Net weight 620 g approx. (2 cables)	Two cables per set for emitter and receiver, Cable outer diameter: $\phi 6 \text{ mm} \phi 0.236 \text{ in}$ Connector outer diameter: $\phi 14 \text{ mm} \phi 0.551 \text{ in max}$.		
8-core (Standard)		0		SFB-CB10	Length: 10 m 32.808 ft Net weight 1,200 g approx. (2 cables)	Cable color: Gray (for emitter), Gray with black line (for receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
8-core	with	connector on one end		SFB-CC3	Length: 3 m 9.843 ft Net weight 380 g approx. (2 cables)	Used for connecting to an extension cable or the SF-C13 control unit. Two cables per set for emitter and receiver, Cable outer diameter: $\phi 6 \text{ mm } \phi 0.236 \text{ in}$ Connector outer diameter: $\phi 14 \text{ mm } \phi 0.551 \text{ in max}$.		
	Extension cable with	connector on one en		SFB-CC10	Length: 10 m 32.808 ft Net weight 1,200 g approx. (2 cables)	Cable color: Gray (for emitter), Gray with black line (for receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
	Extension cable with connectors on both ends	For emitter		SFB-CCJ10E	Length: 10 m 32.808 ft Net weight 580 g approx. (1 cable)	Used for connecting to an extension cable or the SF-C11 control unit. One each for emitter and receiver, Cable outer diameter: $\phi 6 \text{ mm } \phi 0.236$ in Connector outer diameter: $\phi 14 \text{ mm } \phi 0.551$ in max.		
	Extensio with con on both For receiver			SFB-CCJ10D	Length: 10 m 32.808 ft Net weight 600 g approx. (1 cable)	Cable color: Gray (for emitter), Gray with black line (for receiver) Connector color: Gray (for emitter), Black (for receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
_	Bottom cap cable	e wire		SFB-CCB3-MU	Length: 3 m 9.843 ft Net weight 420 g approx. (2 cables)	Used for connecting to the light curtain and to other cables or the SF-C13 control unit.		
ontrol o		Discrete wire		SFB-CCB7-MU	Length: 7 m 22.966 ft Net weight 930 g approx. (2 cables)	Two cables per set for emitter and receiver, Cable outer diameter: $ \phi 6 \text{mm} \phi 0.236 \text{in} $ Cable color: Gray (for emitter), Gray with black line (for receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
12-core (In case of using the muting control or interference prevention wire)		Connector		SFB-CB05-MU	Length: 0.5 m 1.640 ft Net weight 110 g approx. (2 cables)	Used for connecting to the light curtain and to an extension cable or the SF-C12 control unit. Two cables per set for emitter and receiver, Cable outer diameter: $\phi 6 \text{ mm } \phi 0.236 \text{ in}$ Connector outer diameter: $\phi 16 \text{ mm } \phi 0.630 \text{ in max}$. Cable color: Gray (for emitter), Gray with black line (for receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
of using ention w	with	connector on one end		SFB-CC3-MU	Length: 3 m 9.843 ft Net weight 430 g approx. (2 cables)	Used for connecting to an extension cable or the SF-C13 control unit. Two cables per set for emitter and receiver, Cable outer diameter: $\phi 6 \text{ mm } \phi 0.236 \text{ in}$ Connector outer diameter: $\phi 16 \text{ mm } \phi 0.630 \text{ in max}$.		
case (Extension cable with	connector on one en		SFB-CC10-MU	Length: 10 m 32.808 ft Net weight 1,300 g approx. (2 cables)	Cable color: Gray (for emitter), Gray with black line (for receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
12-core (In case of using the interference prevention wire)	on cable nnectors ends	For emitter		SFB-CCJ10E-MU	Length: 10 m 32.808 ft Net weight 660 g approx. (1 cable)	Used for connecting to an extension cable or the SF-C12 control unit. One each for emitter and receiver, Cable outer diameter: $\phi 6 \text{ mm } \phi 0.236$ in Connector outer diameter: $\phi 16 \text{ mm } \phi 0.630$ in max.		
int 12	Extension (with conne on both en	For receiver		SFB-CCJ10D-MU	Length: 10 m 32.808 ft Net weight 680 g approx. (1 cable)	Cable color: Gray (for emitter), Gray with black line (for receiver) Connector color: Gray (for emitter), Black (for receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
	S			SFB-CSL01	Length: 0.1 m 0.328 ft Net weight 45 g approx. (2 cables)			
	or seri			SFB-CSL05	Length: 0.5 m 1.640 ft Net weight 95 g approx. (2 cables)	Used to connect light curtains in series Two cables per set for emitter and receiver (common for emitter and receiver) Cable outer diameter: $\phi 6 \text{ mm } \phi 0.236 \text{ in}$		
	Cable for series connection			SFB-CSL1	Length: 1 m 3.281 ft Net weight 150 g approx. (2 cables)	Cable color: Gray (common for emitter and receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
				SFB-CSL5	Length: 5 m 16.404 ft Net weight 630 g approx. (2 cables)			
	For	(PNP type)		SFB-CB05-A-P		12-core bottom cap cable specifications. Used to allow		
Adapter cable	Or SEAALAUTA	NPN type)		SFB-CB05-A-N	Length: 0.5 m 1.640 ft	connector cables connected to previous light curtains (at the control circuit side) to be smoothly adapted to the SF4B series. Two cables per set for emitter and receiver, Cable outer diameter: $\phi 6 \text{ mm} \neq 0.236 \text{ in}$		
Adapte	or Ben	PNP type		SFB-CB05-B-P	Net weight 110 g approx. (2 cables)	Connector outer diameter: ϕ 16 mm ϕ 0.630 in max. Cable color: Gray (for emitter), Gray with black line (for receiver) The min. bending radius: R6 mm R0.236 in		
	For	(NPN type)		SFB-CB05-B-N				

ORDER GUIDE

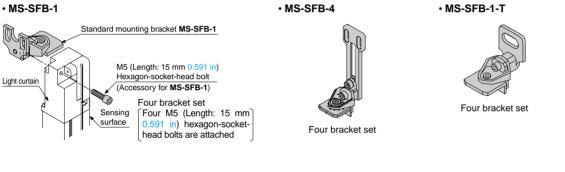
5 Mounting brackets Mounting bracket is not supplied with the light curtain. Please order it separately.

Designation	Model No.	Description		
Standard mounting bracket	MS-SFB-1	Used to mount the light curtain on the rear surface and side surface (4 pcs. per set for emitter and receiver)		
Pitch adapter bracket MS-SFB-4		Used as the mounting bracket when changing over a previous light curtain with a protective height of 200 to 750 mm 7.874 to 29.528 in to the SF4B series. It is installed using two M5 hexagon-socket-head bolts. (4 pcs. per set for emitter and receiver)		
M8 mounting bracket	MS-SFB-1-T	Allows the light curtain to be mounted at the rear and side with one M8 hexagon-socket- head bolt. (4 pcs. per set for emitter and receiver)		
M8 pitch adapter bracket	MS-SFB-4-T	Used as the mounting bracket when changing over a previous light curtain with a protective height of 200 to 750 mm 7.874 to 29.528 in to the SF4B series. It is installed using two M8 hexagon-socket-head bolts. (4 pcs. per set for emitter and receiver)		
Dead zoneless mounting bracket MS-SFB-3		Mounting with no dead zone is possible so that the mounting bracket does not project past the sensing height. (4 pcs. per set for emitter and receiver)		

Pitch adapter bracket

Standard mounting brackets

• MS-SFB-1



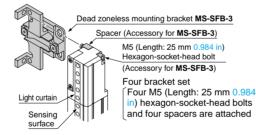
M8 pitch adapter bracket • MS-SFB-4-T



Four bracket set

Dead zoneless mounting bracket





Four M5 (Length: 25 mm 0.984 in) hexagon-socket-head bolts

M8 mounting bracket

Exclusive control units

Designation	Appearance	Model No.	Description
Connector connection type control unit		SF-C11	Applicable to 8-core cable with connector. Up to control category 4
Solid type control unit		SF-C12	Applicable to 12-core cable with connector. Up to control category 4
Thin type control unit		SF-C13	Applicable to discrete wire connector. Up to control category 4

SF-C12 spare relay set

A set of spare relays (2 safety relays and 1 removal tool) is available for the safety relay that is built into the SF-C12. Model No.: SF-C12-RY

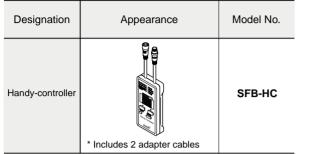


In case of 8-core

SF4B

ORDER GUIDE

Handy-controller

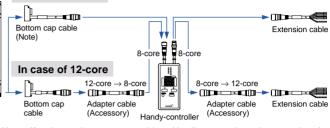


Note: A handy-controller cannot be used with the SF4B--01.

Spare parts (Accessories for light curtain)

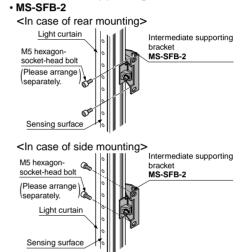
Designation Model N		Model No.	Description		
	Intermediate supporting bracket (Note) MS-SFB-2		Used to mount the light curtain on the intermediate position. Mounting is possible behind or at the side of the light curtain.		
	Test rod <i>\phi</i> 14 SF4B-TR14		Min. sensing object for regular checking (ϕ 14 mm ϕ 0.551 in), wit finger protection type (min. sensing object ϕ 14 mm ϕ 0.551 in)		
Test rod <i>¢</i> 25 SF4		SF4B-TR25	Min. sensing object for regular checking (ϕ 25 mm ϕ 0.984 in), with hand protection type (min. sensing object ϕ 25 mm ϕ 0.984 in)		

Note: The number of sets required varies depending on the product. Refer to 'DIMENSIONS' on p. 30 for further details.



Note: If using a bottom cap cable with discrete wire, please order the **SFB-CC3/CC10** separately. Refer to the instruction manual for the light curtain for details on the wiring.

Intermediate supporting bracket

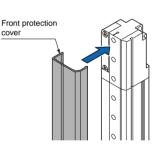


OPTIONS

Applicabl beam cha	e	gnation	Front protection cover
Finger	Hand	Arm / Foot	Model No.
23	12	6	FC-SFBH-12
31	16	8	FC-SFBH-16
39	20	10	FC-SFBH-20
47	24	12	FC-SFBH-24
55	28	14	FC-SFBH-28
63	32	16	FC-SFBH-32
71	36	18	FC-SFBH-36
79	40	20	FC-SFBH-40
95	48	24	FC-SFBH-48
111	56	28	FC-SFBH-56
127	64	32	FC-SFBH-64
_	72	36	FC-SFBH-72
_	80	40	FC-SFBH-80
_	88	44	FC-SFBH-88
_	96	48	FC-SFBH-96

Front protection cover

• FC-SFBH-It protects sensing surface. The operating range reduces when the front protection cover is used.



Sensing range

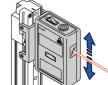
SUNX

		SF4E	B-H□	SF4B-A	
	SF4B-F⊡	12 to 64 beam channels type	72 to 96 beam channels type	6 to 32 beam channels type	36 to 48 beam channels type
	0.3 to 6 m	0.3 to 7.5 m	0.3 to 6 m	0.3 to 7.5 m	0.3 to 6 m
Only emitter installed	0.984 to 19.685 ft	0.984 to 24.606 ft	0.984 to 19.685 ft	0.984 to 24.606 ft	0.984 to 19.685 ft
Orale and a size in stalled	0.3 to 6 m	0.3 to 7.5 m	0.3 to 6 m	0.3 to 7.5 m	0.3 to 6 m
Only receiver installed	0.984 to 19.685 ft	0.984 to 24.606 ft	0.984 to 19.685 ft	0.984 to 24.606 ft	0.984 to 19.685 ft
Both emitter and receiver installed			0.3 to 5.5 m 0.984 to 18.045 ft		0.3 to 5.5 m 0.984 to 18.045 ft

Note: The model Nos. given above denote a single unit, not a pair of units. 2 units are required for use in mounting to the emitter / receiver.

	Designation	Model No.	Description			
Test rod <i>ϕ</i> 45 SF4B-TR45		SF4B-TR45	Min. sensing object for regular checking (ϕ 45 mm ϕ 1.772 in), with arm / foot protection type (min. sensing object ϕ 45 mm ϕ 1.772 in)			
Laser alignment tool SF-LAT-2N		SF-LAT-2N	Allows easy beam axis alignment using easy-to-see laser beam			

Laser alignment tool • SF-LAT-2N



SPECIFICATIONS

Individual specifications

SF4B-F

Туре		Min. sensing object ϕ 14 mm ϕ 0.551 in type					
Item Model No.	SF4B-F23	SF4B-F31	SF4B-F39	SF4B-F47	SF4B-F55	SF4B-F63	
No. of beam channels	23	31	39	47	55	63	
Beam pitch			10 mm	0.394 in			
Protective height	230 mm 9.055 in	310 mm 12.205 in	390 mm 15.354 in	470 mm 18.504 in	550 mm 21.654 in	630 mm 24.803 in	
Current consumption	Emitter: 80 m	A or less, Receiver: 1	20 mA or less	Emitter: 100 m	A or less, Receiver: 1	60 mA or less	
Net weight (total of emitter and receiver)	570 g approx.	680 g approx.	800 g approx.	920 g approx.	1,030 g approx.	1,150 g approx.	
Туре		Min. sensing	object ø14 mm ø	0.551 in type			
Item Model No.	SF4B-F71	SF4B-F79	SF4B-F95	SF4B-F111	SF4B-F127		
No. of beam channels	71	79	95	111	127		
Beam pitch		10 mm 0.394 in					
Protective height	710 mm 27.953 in	790 mm 31.102 in	950 mm 37.402 in	1,110 mm 43.701 in	1,270 mm 50.000 in		
Current consumption	Emitter: 100 mA or less, Receiver: 160 mA or less	00 mA or less, Receiver: 160 mA or less Emitter: 115 mA or less, Receiver: 190 mA or less			Receiver: 230 mA or less		
Net weight (total of emitter and receiver)	1,260 g approx.	1,380 g approx.	1,620 g approx.	1,850 g approx.	2,090 g approx.		

SF4B-H

Туре	Min. sensing object $\phi 25 \text{ mm } \phi 0.984 \text{ in type}$					
Item Model No.	SF4B-H12	SF4B-H16	SF4B-H20	SF4B-H24	SF4B-H28	SF4B-H32
No. of beam channels	12	16	20	24	28	32
Beam pitch			20 mm	0.787 in		
Protective height	230 mm 9.055 in	310 mm 12.205 in	390 mm 15.354 in	470 mm 18.504 in	550 mm 21.654 in	630 mm 24.803 in
Current consumption	Emitter: 70 n	nA or less, Receiver: 9	95 mA or less	Emitter: 80 mA or less, Receiver: 115 mA or less		
Net weight (total of emitter and receiver)	570 g approx.	680 g approx.	800 g approx.	920 g approx.	1,030 g approx.	1,150 g approx.

Туре	Min. sensing object $\phi 25 \text{ mm } \phi 0.984 \text{ in type}$					
Item Model No.	SF4B-H36	SF4B-H40	SF4B-H48	SF4B-H56	SF4B-H64	SF4B-H72
No. of beam channels	36	40	48	56	64	72
Beam pitch			20 mm	0.787 in		
Protective height	710 mm 27.953 in	790 mm 31.102 in	950 mm 37.402 in	1,110 mm 43.701 in	1,270 mm 50.000 in	1,430 mm 56.299 in
Current consumption	Emitter: 80 mA or less, Receiver: 115 mA or less	Emitter: 90 mA or less, I	Receiver: 140 mA or less	Emitter: 100 mA or less,	Receiver: 160 mA or less	Emitter: 110 mA or less, Receiver: 180 mA or less
Net weight (total of emitter and receiver)	1,260 g approx.	1,380 g approx.	1,620 g approx.	1,850 g approx.	2,090 g approx.	2,320 g approx.

Туре	Min. sensing object ϕ 25 mm ϕ 0.984 in type						
Item Model No.	SF4B-H80	SF4B-H88	SF4B-H96				
No. of beam channels	80	88 96					
Beam pitch	20 mm 0.787 in						
Protective height	1,590 mm 62.598 in) mm 62.598 in 1,750 mm 68.898 in 1,910 mm 75.19					
Current consumption	Emitter: 110 mA or less, Receiver: 180 mA or less Emitter: 120 mA or less, Receiver: 200 mA or less						
Net weight (total of emitter and receiver)	2,540 g approx.	2,780 g approx.	3,010 g approx.				

2,540 g approx.

SF4B-A

Net weight (total of emitter and receiver)

\sim	Туре	Min. sensing object ϕ 45 mm ϕ 1.772 in type								
Item	Model No.	SF4B-A6	SF4B-A8	SF4B-A10	SF4B-A12	SF4B-A14	SF4B-A16			
No. of beam ch	annels	6	8	10	12	14	16			
Beam pitch				40 mm	1.575 in					
Protective heig	ht	230 mm 9.055 in	310 mm 12.205 in	390 mm 15.354 in	470 mm 18.504 in	550 mm 21.654 in	630 mm 24.803 in			
Current consur	nption	Emitter: 65 m	nA or less, Receiver: 8	35 mA or less	Emitter: 70 m	nA or less, Receiver: 9	95 mA or less			
Net weight (total of	emitter and receiver)	570 g approx.	680 g approx.	800 g approx.	920 g approx.	1,030 g approx.	1,150 g approx.			
\sim	Туре		Mir	n. sensing object ϕ .	45 mm ø 1.772 in tv	vpe				
Item	Model No.	SF4B-A18	SF4B-A20	SF4B-A24	SF4B-A28	SF4B-A32	SF4B-A36			
No. of beam ch	annels	18	20	24	28	32	36			
Beam pitch				1.575 in						
Protective heig	ht	710 mm 27.953 in	790 mm 31.102 in	950 mm 37.402 in	1,110 mm 43.701 in	1,270 mm 50.000 in	1,430 mm 56.299 in			
Current consur	nption	Emitter: 70 mA or less, Receiver: 95 mA or less	Emitter: 75 mA or less, F	Receiver: 105 mA or less	s Emitter: 80 mA or less, Receiver: 120 mA or less Emitter: 85 mA or less, Receiver: 130 mA or less					
Net weight (total of	emitter and receiver)	1,260 g approx.	1,380 g approx.	1,620 g approx.	1,850 g approx.	2,090 g approx.	2,320 g approx.			
\sim	Туре	Min. sensing	object	1.772 in type						
Item	Model No.	SF4B-A40	SF4B-A44	SF4B-A48						
No. of beam ch	annels	40	44	48						
Beam pitch			40 mm 1.575 in							
Protective heig	ht	1,590 mm 62.598 in	1,750 mm 68.898 in	1,910 mm 75.197 in						
Current consur	nption	Emitter: 85 mA or less, Receiver: 130 mA or less	Emitter: 95 mA or less, F	Receiver: 140 mA or less						



3,010 g approx.

2,780 g approx.

SPECIFICATIONS

Common specifications

	Туре	Min. sensing object ϕ 14 mm ϕ 0.551 in type	Min. sensing object ϕ 25 mm ϕ 0.984 in type	Min. sensing object ϕ 45 mm ϕ 1.772 in type					
Ite	m Model No.	SF4B-F⊡	SF4B-H	SF4B-A⊡					
Ap	plicable standards	JIS B 9704-1/2 (Type 4), JIS B 9705-1 / ISO 13849-1 (Category 4), EN 954-1 (Category 4) EN 61496-1 (Type 4), IEC 61496-1/2 (Type 4), UL 61496-1/2 (Type 4), UL 1998							
Ор	erating range (Note 1)	0.3 to 7 m 0.984 to 22.966 ft	6 to 32 beam channels type: 0.3 to 9 m 0.984 to 29.528 ft 36 to 48 beam channels type: 0.3 to 7 m 0.984 to 22.966						
Mir	n. sensing object (Note 2)	ϕ 14 mm ϕ 0.551 in in opaque object	ϕ 25 mm ϕ 0.984 in in opaque object	ϕ 45 mm ϕ 1.772 in in opaque object					
Effe	ective aperture angle	\pm 2.5 $^{\circ}$ or less [for an operating	range exceeding 3 m 9.843 ft (conforming	to IEC 61496-2 / UL 61496-2)]					
Su	oply voltage		24 V DC \pm 10 % Ripple P-P 10 % or less						
	ntrol output SSD1, OSSD2)	 PNP open collector transistor / NPN open collector transistor (switching method) When selecting PNP output: Max. source current 200 mA, When selecting NPN output: Max. sink current 200 mA Applied voltage: same as supply voltage (When selecting PNP output: between the control output and +V, When selecting NPN output: between the control output and 0 V Residual voltage: 2.5V or less (When selecting PNP output: source current 200 mA, when selecting NPN output: sink current 200 mA (when using 20 m 65.617 ft length cable) 							
	Operation mode	ON when all beam channels are receive malfunction in the sensor or the synchro	d, OFF when one or more beam channels a nization signal)(Note 3, 4)	are interrupted (OFF also in case of any					
	Protection circuit		Incorporated						
Re	sponse time	OFF re	sponse: 14 ms or less, ON response: 80 to	90 ms					
	kiliary output on-safety output)	 PNP open collector transistor / NPN open collector transistor (switching method) When selecting PNP output: Max. source current 60 mA, When selecting NPN output: Max. sink current 60 mA Applied voltage: same as supply voltage (When selecting PNP output: between the auxiliary output and + V, When selecting NPN output: between the auxiliary output and 0 V) Residual voltage: 2.5V or less (When selecting PNP output: source current 60 mA, when selecting NPN output: sink current 60 mA) (when using 20 m 65.617 ft length cable) 							
	Operation mode	OFF when control outputs are ON, ON w the SFB-HC handy controller). Refer to p	hen control outputs are OFF (Default settin .11 for details.	g; operating mode can be changed using					
	Protection circuit		Incorporated						
Inte	erference prevention function		Incorporated (Note 5)						
Em	ission halt function	Incorporated							
Inte	erlock function	Incorporated [Manual reset / Auto reset (Note 6)]							
Ext	ernal device monitor function	Incorporated							
Ove	erride function	Incorporated (Note 5)							
Mu	ting function	Incorporated (Note 5)							
Opt	tional function (Note 7)		nction, auxiliary output switching function, i ting setting changing function, protect functi						
~	Degree of protection		IP65 (IEC)						
resistance	Ambient temperature	-10 to $+55$ °C $+14$ to $+131$ °F (No	o dew condensation or icing allowed), Stora	age: $-25 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 13 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F}$					
sist	Ambient humidity		30 to 85 % RH, Storage: 30 to 95 % RH						
al re	Ambient illuminance	Incandes	cent light: 3,500 ℓx or less at the light-rece	iving face					
	Dielectric strength voltage	1,000 V AC for one mi	n. between all supply terminals connected t	ogether and enclosure					
Environment	Insulation resistance	20 M Ω , or more, with 500 V D	C megger between all supply terminals con	nected together and enclosure					
Invir	Vibration resistance 10 to 55 Hz frequency, 0.75 mm 0.030 in amplitude in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each								
	Shock resistance	300 m/s ² accelerat	ion (30 G approx.) in X, Y and Z directions	for three times each					
Em	itting element	Infrared	LED (Peak emission wavelength: 870 nm 0	.034 mil)					
Mat	terial	Enclosure: A	uminium, Lens cover: Acrylic, Cap: Polycar	bonate • ABS					
Cor	nnecting method		Connector						
Cat	ole length	Extension up to total 50 m 164.042	ft is possible for both emitter and receiver,	with optional mating cables (Note 8)					
Acc	cessories	MS-SFB-2 (Intermediate supporting bracket): (Note 8) SF4B-TR14 (Test rod): 1 No.	MS-SFB-2 (Intermediate supporting bracket): (Note 8) SF4B-TR25 (Test rod): 1 No.	MS-SFB-2 (Intermediate supporting bracket): (Note 8					

Notes: 1) The operating range is the possible setting distance between the emitter and the receiver. The sensor can detect sensing object if less than 0.3 m 0.984 ft away.

2) When the floating blanking function is used, the size of the min. sensing object is changed. For details of the floating blanking function, refer to p. 11.

3) The outputs are not 'OFF' during muting function is active even if the beam channel is blocked.

4) In case the blanking function is valid, the operation mode is changed. For details of the floating blanking function, refer to p. 11. 5) Please use 12-core cable.

7) In case of using optional function, the handy-controller (SFB-HC)(optional) is required. However, a handy-controller cannot be used with the SF4B-[--01.

8) The cable can be extended within 30 m 98.425 ft (for emitter / receiver) when two light curtains are connected with series connection, within 20 m 65.617 ft when three

light curtains are connected with series connection. Furthermore, when the muting lamp is used, the cable can be extended within 40 m 131.234 ft (for emitter / receiver).

9) The intermediate supporting bracket (MS-SFB-2) is enclosed with the following models. The quantity of the enclosed bracket differs depending on the model as follows:

1 set: SF4B-F ... Light curtain with 79 to 111 beam channels, SF4B-H ... Light curtain with 40 to 56 beam channels,

SF4B-A ... Light curtain with 20 to 28 beam channels

2 sets: SF4B-F127, SF4B-H .-- Light curtain with 64 to 80 beam channels, SF4B-A .-- Light curtain with 32 to 40 beam channels

3 sets: SF4B-H ... Light curtain with 88 to 96 beam channels, SF4B-F ... Light curtain with 44 to 48 beam channels



SPECIFICATIONS

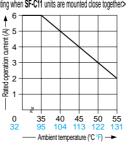
Exclusive control unit

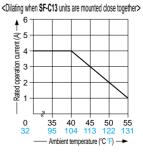
Iter	m Model No.	SF-C11	SF-C12	SF-C13							
Cor	nnectable light curtains	SF4B	Light curtain manufactured by SUNX								
App	blicable standard		IEC 61496-1, UL 61496-1, JIS B 9704-1								
Cor	ntrol category	ISO 13849-1 (EN	954-1, JIS B 9705-1) compliance up to Cat	egory 4 standards							
Sup	oply voltage	24 V DC ± 10 % Ripple P-P 10 % or less									
Cur	rent consumption	100 mA or less (without light curtain)									
Fus	e (power supply)	Built-in electronic fuse, Triggering current: 0.5 A or more, Reset after power down									
Ena	abling path	NO contact $ imes$ 3 (13-14, 23-24, 33-34)	NO contact × 2 (13-14, 23-24)	NO contact \times 3 (13-14, 23-24, 33-34)							
	Application category		AC-15, DC-13 (IEC 60947-5-1)	1							
		30 V DC / 6 A, 230 V AC / 6 A, resistive load (For induced load, during contact protection) Minute current: 10 mA or more (at 24 V DC)(Note 1)	24 V DC / 1 A, resistive load (For induced load, during contact protection) Minimum applicable load: 15 mA or less (at 24 V DC)	30 V DC / 4A, 230 V AC / 4A, resistive load (For induced load, during contact protection) Minute current: 10 mA or more (at 24 V DC)(Note 1)							
	Contact material / contacts	AgSnO, self cleaning, positively driven	AgNiO $+$ 0.2 μ mAu, self cleaning, positively driven	AgSnO, self cleaning, positively driven							
	Contact resistance	100 m Ω or less (initial value)	50 m Ω or less (initial value)	100 m Ω or less (initial value)							
	Contact protection fuse rated	6 A (slow blow)	3 A (slow blow)	4 A (slow blow)							
	Mechanical lifetime	10 million time	es or more (switching frequency 180 times/	/min.) (Note 2)							
	Electrical lifetime	100,000 times or more	e (switching frequency 20 times/min, 230 V	AC / 3 A resistive load)							
Pick	-up delay (Auto reset / Manual reset)	80 ms or less / 90 ms or less	30 ms or less / 30 ms or less	80 ms or less / 90 ms or less							
Res	sponse time	10 ms or less	14 ms or less	10 ms or less							
Aux	ciliary output	Safety relay contact (NC contact) $ imes$ 1 (41-42) (Related to enabling path)	Safety relay contact (NC contact) $ imes$ 1 (31-32) (Related to enabling path)	Safety relay contact (NC contact) ×1 (41-42) (Related to enabling path							
	Rated operation voltage / current	24 V DC / 2 A, Minute current: 10 mA or more (at 24 V DC)	/ 2 A, Minute current: 10 mA or more (at 24 V DC) 30 V DC / 3 A, Minute current: 15 mA or less (at 24 V DC								
	Contact protection fuse rated	2 A (slow blow)	3 A (slow blow)	2 A (slow blow)							
Ser (AL	niconductor auxiliary output IX)	<minus (setting="" for="" ground="" pnp)=""> <plus (setting="" for="" ground="" npn)=""> Max, source current: 60 mA • Max, sink current: 60 mA • Applied voltage: same as supply voltage (between the semiconductor) (auxiliary output and + V) • Residual voltage: 2.3 V or less (at source current 60 mA) (at sink current 60 mA) • Leakage current: 2 mA or less</plus></minus>		PNP open collector transistor • Max. source current: 60 mA • Applied voltage: same as supply voltag (between the semiconducto auxiliary output and + V • Residual voltage: 2.3 V or less (at source current 60 m/ • Leakage current: 2 mA or less							
	Output operation	Related to auxiliary output of light curtain		On when the light curtain is interrupted							
Ex	cess voltage category		III								
	Power supply (Ui)		Green LED (lights up when current flowing)							
ndicators	Enabling path [OUT (Note 3)]	Green	LED (lights up when enabling contacts are	closed)							
ndice	Interlock (INTERLOCK)	Yellow LED (lights up when enabling contacts are opened)		Yellow LED (lights up when enabling contacts are opened)							
-	Fault (FAULT)	Yellow LED (blinks when fault occurs)	Orange LED (lights up when two light curtain input polarity select switch settings are different)	Yellow LED (blinks when fault occurs)							
Ext	ernal relay monitor function	Incorporated	Incorporated (Note 4)	Incorporated							
Tra	iling edge function		Incorporated	-							
Pol	arity selection function	Incorporated (Sliding switch allows selection of plus / minus ground) Plus ground: Correspond to NPN output light curtain Minus ground: Correspond to PNP output light curtain Minus ground: Correspond to PNP output light curtain									
Po	llution level	2									
ıtal	Protection	Enclosure: IP40, Terminal: IP20	IP65	Enclosure: IP40, Terminal: IP20							
imer	Ambient temperature	-10 to + 55 °C + 14 to + 131 °F (No	o dew condensation or icing allowed), Stora	age: $-25 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 13 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F}$							
Environmental resistance	Ambient humidity	30 to 85 %RH, Storage: 30 to 95 %RH	35 to 85 %RH, Storage: 35 to 85 %RH	30 to 85 %RH, Storage: 30 to 95 %RH							
20	Vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz frequency, 0.35 mm 0.014 in amplitude in X, Y, and Z directions for twenty times each	10 to 55 Hz frequency, 0.75 mm 0.030 in amplitude in X, Y, and Z directions for two hours each	10 to 55 Hz frequency, 0.35 mm 0.014 in amplitude in X, Y, and Z directions for twenty times each							
шõ		Detechable type apring gauge terminal	European terminal	Spring gauge terminal							
	nnection terminal	Detachable-type spring gauge terminal	Earopean terminar	opining gaago torrinnar							
Co	nnection terminal closure material	ABS	Die-cast aluminium	ABS							

SUNX

Notes: 1) If several SF-C11 or SF-C13 units are being used in line together, leave a space of 5 mm 0.197 in or more between each unit. If the units are touching each other, reduce the rated operating current for safety output in accordance with the ambient operating temperature as shown in the graphs at right.

at right.
2) Relay switching lifetime will vary depending on factors such as the type of load, the switching frequency, and ambient conditions.
3) The operation indicator is marked as 'Enabling' on the unit for SF-C12.
4) Terminals for utilizing the functions of the SF4B series are available.

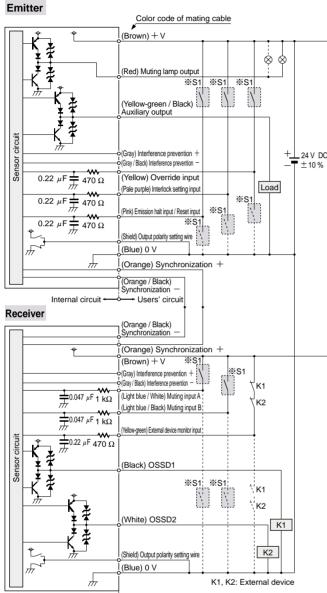




I/O CIRCUIT AND WIRING DIAGRAMS

I/O circuit diagram

<In case of using I/O circuit for PNP output>



Note: The above diagram is when using a 12-core cable. If an 8-core cable is used, the red, yellow, gray, gray / black, light blue / white and light blue / black lead wires are absent.

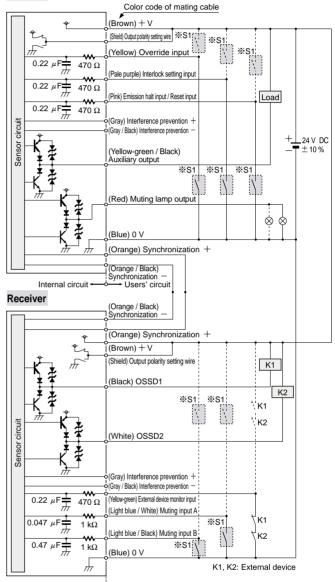
%S1

Switch S1 (connectable either to $+$ V or 0 V)	
Emission halt input / Reset input	
For manual reset	
0 to +1.5 V (source current 5 mA or less) or	
Vs to Vs – 2.5 V (sink current 5 mA or less): Emission halt (Note)	
Open: Emission	
For auto-reset:	
0 to $+1.5$ V (source current 5 mA or less) or	
Vs to Vs - 2.5 V (sink current 5 mA or less): Emission (Note)	
Open: Emission halt	
 Interlock setting input, Override input, Muting input A / B, 	
External device monitor input	
0 to $+1.5$ V (source current 5 mA or less) or	
Vs to Vs - 2.5 V (sink current 5 mA or less): Valid (Note)	
Open: Invalid	

Note: Vs is the applying supply voltage.

<In case of using I/O circuit for NPN output>

Emitter



Note: The above diagram is when using a 12-core cable. If an 8-core cable is used, the red, yellow, gray, gray / black, light blue / white and light blue / black lead wires are absent.

%S1

Switch S1 (connectable either to + V or 0 V) • Emission halt input / Reset input For manual reset
0 to $+1.5$ V (source current 5 mA or less) or Vs to Vs -2.5 V (sink current 5 mA or less): Emission halt (Note)
Open: Emission
For auto-reset:
0 to +1.5 V (source current 5 mA or less) or
Vs to Vs -2.5 V (sink current 5 mA or less): Emission (Note)
Open: Emission halt
 Interlock setting input, Override input, Muting input A / B,
External device monitor input
0 to $+1.5$ V (source current 5 mA or less) or
Vs to Vs -2.5 V (sink current 5 mA or less): Valid (Note)
Open: Invalid

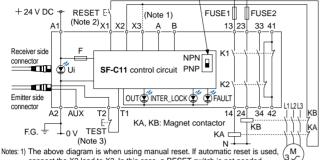
Note: Vs is the applying supply voltage.

I/O CIRCUIT AND WIRING DIAGRAMS

SF-C11 Wiring diagram (Control category 4)

For PNP output (minus ground)

• Set the light curtain input polarity select switch to the PNP side and ground the 0 V line. Light curtain input polarity selection switch



- connect the X2 lead to X3. In this case, a RESET switch is not needed.
 - Use a momentary-type switch as the reset button.
 Emission halt occurs when the test button is open, and emission occurs when
 - the test button is shorted. If not using the test button, short out T1 and T2.

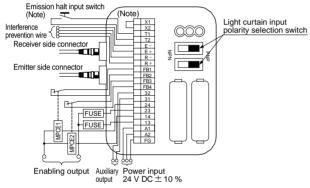
For NPN output (plus ground)

- In the above diagram, set the light curtain input polarity select switch to the NPN side and ground the + side.

SF-C12 Wiring diagram (Control category 4)

For PNP output (minus ground)

- Set the two light curtain input polarity select switches to the PNP side and connect the FG terminal to the 0 V line.



Note: The above diagram is when using manual reset. If automatic reset is used, connect a normal close-type pushbutton switch between T1 and T2 and leave between X1 and X2 open.

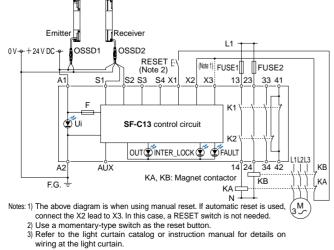
For NPN output (plus ground)

• In the above diagram, set the two light curtain input polarity select switches to the NPN side and connect the FG terminal to the + side.

SF-C13 Wiring diagram (Control category 4)

For PNP output (minus ground)

· Connect the light curtain control outputs OSSD1 and OSSD2 to S1 and S2 respectively.



For NPN output (plus ground)

- In the above diagram, connect the light curtain control outputs OSSD1 and OSSD2 to S2 and S4 respectively and ground the + side.
- If connecting a Type 2 light curtain, connect the light curtain control output (OSSD) to S4 and short S2 S3.

SF-C11 Terminal arrangement diagram

	A1	ΩΠ	Б	
	A2	ŏŦ	Б	
	13	ŏŧ	ГБh.	
	14	ŏŤ	Б	
	23	ŏŤ	Бh.	X1 OTO
	24	Ō.	Ы	X2
	33	O]	þ,	^ ŏfī
	34	OĪ	Þ	ŮŎÐ
	41	0]	Þ	
	42	OI	Þ	AUX OTO
l				
				j j

Terminal	Function
A1	+ 24 V DC
A2	0 V
13-14, 23-24, 33-34	Enabling output (NO contact $ imes$ 3)
41-42	Auxiliary output (NC contact $ imes$ 1)
X1	Reset output terminal
X2	Reset input terminal (Manual)
X3	Reset input terminal (Auto)
А	Not used
В	Not used
T1	Test output terminal
T2	Test input terminal
AUX	Semiconductor auxiliary output

SF-C12 Terminal arrangement diagram

1	2	X	T1	T2	Ц	+ ш	R I	н Н	FB1	FB2	FB3	FB4	32	31	24	23	14	13	A1	A2	ЪĜ

Terminal	Function	Terminal	Function
FG	Frame ground (FG) terminal	R+	Interference prevention wire - (Receiver side)
A2	0 V	R —	Interference prevention wire + (Receiver side)
A1	+ 24 V DC	E +	Interference prevention wire - (Emitter side)
13-14, 23-24	Enabling output (NO contact \times 2)	Е —	Interference prevention wire + (Emitter side)
31-32	Auxiliary output (NC contact \times 1)	T2	Emission halt input
FB4	External relay monitor	T1	terminal
FB3	terminal 2	X2	Auto reset / manual reset selection terminal
FB2	External relay monitor	X1	Manual reset: X1 – X2 shorted
FB1	terminal 1		

SF-C13 Terminal arrangement diagram

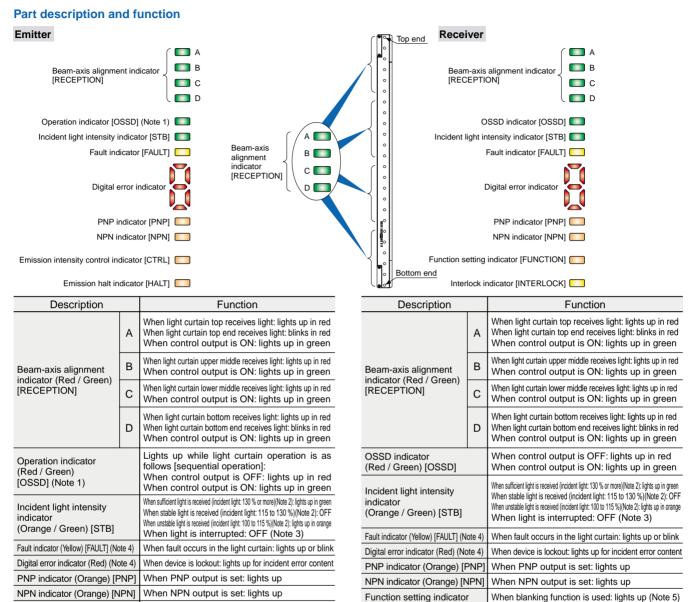
to the SF-C13.

LO 42

10	A1	Terminal	Function
10	A2	A1	+ 24 V DC
10	S1 S2	A2	0 V
10	S3	S1 to S4	Light curtain control output (OSSD) input terminal
10	S4	AUX	Semiconductor auxiliary output
10	AUX X1	X1	Reset output terminal
10	X2	X2	Reset input terminal (Manual)
10	X3	X3	Reset input terminal (Auto)
10	13 14	13-14, 23-24, 33-34	Enabling output (NO contact \times 3)
10	23	41-42	Auxiliary output (NC contact \times 1)
10	24		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
ЫO	33		
ЩO	34	Obtain a congrato	terminal block to carry out
10	41		
10	42	wining for light curtai	ns that cannot be connected

If connecting a Type 2 light curtain, connect the light curtain control output (OSSD) to S1 and short S2 – S3.

PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE



Emission intensity control When light is emitted under short mode: lights up indicator (Orange) [CTRL] When light is emitted under normal mode: lights off Emission halt indicator When light emission is halt: lights up (Orange) [HALT]

Interlock indicator When device is interlocked: lights up (Yellow) [INTERLOCK] Other cases: OFF When light is emitted: lights off

Notes: 1) Since the color of the operation indicator changes according to the ON / OFF status of the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2), the operation indicator is marked as 'OSSD' on the light curtain. 2) The threshold value where the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) changes from OFF to ON is applied as '100% incident light intensity'.

3) The status 'when light is interrupted' refers to the status that the some obstacle is existed in the sensing area.

4) Refer to instruction manual enclosed with this product for details.

5) The blanking function is set by using the handy-controller (SFB-HC)(optional). Please order the handy-controller separately. However, a handy-controller cannot be used with the SF4B-[]-01.

6) The description given in [] is marked on the sensor.

Wiring



Refer to the applicable regulations for the region where this device is to be used when setting up the device. In addition, make sure that all necessary measures are taken to prevent possible dangerous operating errors resulting from earth faults.

· Make sure to carry out the wiring in the power supply off condition.

- Verify that the supply voltage variation is within the rating.
- · If power is supplied from a commercial switching regulator, ensure that the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the power supply is connected to an actual ground.
- · In case noise generating equipment (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) is used in the vicinity of this sensor, connect the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the equipment to an actual ground.
- · Do not run the wires together with high-voltage lines or power lines or put them in the same raceway. This can cause malfunction due to induction.

Others

· Do not use during the initial transient time (2 sec.) after the power supply is switched on.

When handy-controller is connected: blinks

Avoid dust, dirt and steam.

(Orange) [FUNCTION]

- Take care that the sensor does not come in direct contact with water, oil, grease, or organic solvents, such as, thinner, etc.
- Take care that the sensor is not directly exposed to fluorescent light from a rapid-starter lamp or a high frequency lighting device, as it may affect the sensing performance.

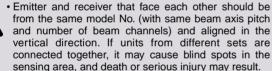
PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE



- When this device is used in the 'PSDI mode', an appropriate control circuit must be configured between this device and the machinery. For details, be sure to refer to the standards or regulations applicable in each region or country.
- To use this product in the U.S.A., refer to OSHA 1910. 212 and OSHA 1910. 217 for installation, and in Europe, refer to EN 999 as well. Observe your national and local requirements before installing this product.
- This catalog is a guide to select a suitable product. Be sure to read instruction manual attached to the product prior to its use.
- Both emitter and receiver are combined adjusted on factory setting, please apply both emitter and receiver with the same serial No. The serial No. is indicated on the plates of both emitter and receiver. (The last 5 digits under the model represents the serial No.)
- Make sure to carry out the test run before regular operation.
- . This safety system is for use only on machinery in which the dangerous parts can be stopped immediately, either by an emergency stop unit or by disconnecting the power supply. Do not use this system with machinery which cannot be stopped at any point in its operation cycle.

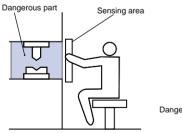
Sensing area

- · Make sure to install this product such that any part of the human body must pass through its sensing area in order to reach the dangerous parts of the machinery. If the human body is not detected, there is a danger of serious injury or death.
- · Do not use any reflective type or retroreflective type arrangement.

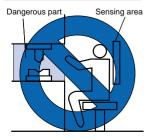


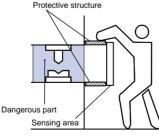
· Furthermore, facing several receivers towards one emitter, or vice versa, could produce a non-sensing area or cause mutual interference, which may result in serious injury or death.

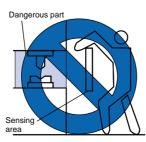
Correct mounting method



Wrong mounting method





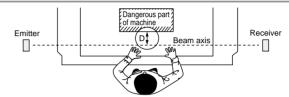


Safety distance



· Calculate the safety distance correctly, and always maintain a distance which is equal to or greater than the safety distance. between the sensing area of this sensor and the dangerous parts of the machinery. (Please check the latest standards for the equation.) If the safety distance is miscalculated or if sufficient distance is not maintained, there is a danger of serious injury or death.

· Before designing the system, refer to the relevant standards of the region where this device is to be used and then install this device.





The sizes of the minimum sensing objects for this device vary depending on whether or not the floating blanking function is being used. The equation differs depending on the case whether the minimum sensing object is larger than $\phi 40$ mm $\phi 1.575$ in or not. Calculate the safety distance with the proper size of the minimum sensing object and appropriate equation.

Size of minimum sensing object when applying floating blanking function

	Min. sensing object when applying floating blanking function							
	Invalid	Setting (Note)						
	Invaliu	1 beam channel	2 beam channels	3 beam channels				
SF4B-F (Min. sensing object ϕ 14 mm ϕ 0.551 in)	¢14 mm <mark>¢0.551 in</mark>	¢24 mm <mark>¢0.945 in</mark>	¢34 mm <mark>¢1.339 i</mark> n	¢44 mm <mark>¢1.732 in</mark>				
SF4B-H (Min. sensing object ϕ 25 mm ϕ 0.984 in)	¢25 mm <mark>¢0.984 in</mark>	¢45 mm <mark>¢1.772 in</mark>	¢65 mm <mark>¢2.559 in</mark>	¢85 mm <mark>∳3.346 in</mark>				
SF4B-A (Min. sensing object ϕ 45 mm ϕ 1.772 in)	∳45 mm <mark>∳1.772 in</mark>	¢85 mm <mark>¢3.346 in</mark>	¢125 mm <mark>¢4.921 in</mark>	¢165 mm <mark>¢6.496 in</mark>				
Note: Refer to p.11~ for details of the floating blanking function. In case of using optional								

function. However, a handy-controller cannot be used with the SF4B---01.

· Safety distance is calculated based on the following equation when a person moves perpendicular (normal intrusion) to the sensing area of the sensor. In case the intrusion direction is not perpendicular to the sensing area, be sure to refer to the relevant standard (regional standard, specification of the machine, etc.) for details of the calculation. (Please check the latest standards for the equation.)

For use in Europe (EU) (as EN 999)] (Also applicable to ISO 13855)

For intrusion direction perpendicular to the sensing area

- <In case that the minimum sensing object is ϕ 40 mm ϕ 1.575 in or less> $S = K \times T + C$ Equation ①
- S: Safety distance (mm)
- Minimum required distance between the sensing area surface and the dangerous parts of the machine K: Intrusion velocity of operator's body or object (mm/sec.)
- Normally taken as 2,000 (mm/sec.) for calculation T: Response time of total equipment (sec.)

 - $T = T_m + T_{SF4B}$
 - Tm: Maximum halting time of machinery (sec.) TSF4B: Response time of the SF4B series 0.014 (sec.)
- C: Additional distance calculated from the size of the minimum sensing object of the light curtain (mm) However, the value of C cannot be 0 or less.
 - $C = 8 \times (d 14)$
 - d: Minimum sensing object diameter (mm)

For calculating the safety distance S, there are the following five cases. First calculate by substituting the value K = 2,000 (mm/sec.) in the equation above. Then, classify the obtained value of S into three cases, 1) S<100, 2) 100≦S≦500, and 3) S>500. For Case 3) S>500, recalculate by substituting the value K = 1,600 (mm/sec.). After that, classify the calculation result into two cases, 4) S≦500 and 5) S>500. For details, refer to the instruction manual enclosed with this product. For calculating Tm (maximum halt time of the machinery), use a special device called a 'brake monitor'. When this device is used in the 'PSDI mode', an appropriate safety distance S must be calculated. For details, be sure to refer to the standards or regulations applicable in each region or country.

< In the case that the minimum sensing object is $\phi 40 \text{ mm } \phi 1.575 \text{ in or more}$ $S = K \times T + C$ Equation

- S: Safety distance (mm)
- K: Intrusion velocity of operator's body or object (mm/sec.) Taken as 1,600 (mm/sec.) for calculation T: Response time of total equipment (sec.)
- $T = T_m + T_{SE4B}$
- Tm: Maximum halting time of machinery (sec.)
- TSF4B: Response time of the SF4B series 0.014 (sec.)
- C: Additional distance calculated from the size of the minimum sensing object of the light curtain (mm) C = 850 (mm)(Constant)

PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

For use in the United States of America (as per ANSI B11.19)

- Equation (2) $S = K \times (T_s + T_c + T_{SF4B} + T_{bm}) + D_{pf}$
- S: Safety distance (mm) Minimum required distance between the sensing area surface
- and the dangerous parts of the machine K: Intrusion velocity {Recommended value in OSHA is 63 (inch/sec.)
 - [≒1,600 (mm/sec.)]} ANSI B11.19 does not define the intrusion velocity 'K'. When determining K, consider possible factors including physical ability of operators
- Ts: Halting time calculated from the operation time of the control element (air valve, etc.) (sec.)
- Tc: Maximum response time of the control circuit required for functioning the brake (sec.)
- TSF4B: Response time of light curtain (sec.)
- Tbm: Additional halting time tolerance for the brake monitor (sec.)
 - The following equation holds when the machine is equipped with a brake monitor.
 - $T_{bm} = T_a (T_s + T_c)$
 - Ta: Setting time of brake monitor (sec.)

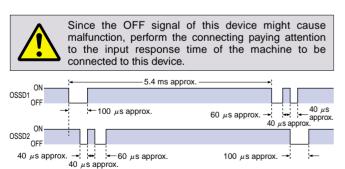
When the machine is not equipped with a brake monitor, it is recommended that 20 % or more of $(T_s + T_c)$ is taken as additional halting time.

- D_{pf}: Additional distance calculated from the size of the minimum sensing of the **SF4B-F** D_{pf} = 23.8 mm 0.937 in
 - **SF4B-H** D_{pf} = 61.2 mm 2.409 in
 - **SF4B-A** Dpf = 129.2 mm 5.087 in
 - $D_{pf} = 3.4 \times (d 0.276)$ (inch)
 - $\Rightarrow 3.4 \times (d-7)(mm)$
 - d: Minimum sensing object diameter 0.552 (inch) ÷14 (mm) SF4B-F□ Minimum sensing object diameter 0.985 (inch) = 25 (mm) SF4B-H Minimum sensing object diameter 1.772 (inch) = 45 (mm) SF4B-A However, the value of Dpf cannot be 0 or less.

Output waveform [Control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) ON]

· Since the receiver performs the self-diagnosis of the output circuit when the light curtain is in beam receiving status (ON status), the output transistor becomes OFF status periodically. (Refer to the figure below.)

When the OFF signal is fed back, the receiver judges the output circuit as normal. When the OFF signal is not fed back, the receiver judges either the output circuit or wiring as error, and the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) maintains OFF status.



Influence of reflective surfaces



Install the light curtain by considering the effect of nearby reflective surfaces, and take countermeasures such as painting, masking, or changing the material of the reflective surface, etc. Failure to do so may cause the light curtain not to detect, resulting in serious body injury or death.

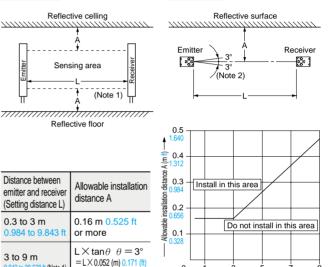
• Install this device at a distance of at least A (m)(given below) away from reflective surfaces such as metal walls, floors, ceilings, workpiece, covers, panels or glass surfaces.

Side view

9.843 to 29.528 ft (Note 1)

or more

Top view



Notes: 1) The setting distance L varies depending on the type of unit. Refer to 'ORDER GUIDE' on p. 13 for details. 2) The effective aperture angle for this device is $\pm 2.5^{\circ}$ or less (when

L>3 m 9.843 ft) as required by IEC 61496-2 / UL 61496-2. However, install this device away from reflective surfaces considering an effective aperture angle of $\pm 3^{\circ}$ to take care of beam misalignment, etc. during installation.

0

3 281

3 5 7 9 9.843 16.404 22.966 29.528

Distance between emitter and receiver (m ft) -



PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Handy-controller



This device enables to set each function using the handy-controller (SFB-HC)(optional). However, a handy-controller cannot be used with the SF4B--01. Among the functions, the contents related to the safety distance such as the size of the minimum sensing object and response time are varied depending on the setting condition. When setting each function, re-calculate the safety distance, and make enough space larger than the calculated safety distance. Failure to do so might cause the accident that the device cannot stop quickly before reaching the dangerous area of the machinery, resulting in the serious injury or death.

• Refer to the instruction manual enclosed with the handycontroller for details of the function settings for using handycontroller **SFB-HC** (optional).

Interlock function

- When the curtain light has been interrupted and control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) is OFF, the interlock function keeps the control output at OFF until a reset signal is input.
- You can select whether interlock is enabled (manual reset) or disabled (automatic reset) by the way in which the interlock setting input line (pale purple) is connected.

Interlock function	Reset operation	Interlock setting input (pale purple)
Enabled	Manual reset	Connected to 0 V or + V
Disabled	Auto reset	Open

Interlock enabled (manual reset)

- When the curtain light has been interrupted and control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) is OFF, the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) is kept at OFF and does not automatically turn back ON even if the incoming light status is restored.
- If a reset signal is input when incoming light is being received by the light curtain (emission halt input / reset input changes from 'open' to '0 V' or the + V side changes from 'shorted' to 'open'), control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) turns ON.

<Time chart>

	Emission	→¦	-20 ms or l	ess
Emission halt input	/ Emission –			
Reset input	Emission halt		_	
Beam received	Beam received -		i.	
condition	Beam interrupted		1	
condition		 +14 ms or less	s 🕂 150 ms or less →	
Control output	ON -	İ		
(OSSD1, OSSD	2) OFF			
(_, 0			

Interlock disabled (automatic reset)

• When the curtain light has been interrupted and control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) is OFF, the control output turns ON automatically when the incoming light status is restored.



In case that this light curtain is used under auto reset mode, set the system not to be auto reset by the safety relay unit, etc. (conforming to EN 60204-1)

Auxiliary output (Non-safety output)

 This light curtain incorporates the auxiliary output for the non-safety output. The auxiliary output is incorporated with the emitter.

A 111 A A	N	Normal mode				
Auxiliary output setting	Emission	Control output (OSS	SD1, OSSD2) status	Lockout		
Setting	halt	Beam received	Beam interrupted			
Negative logic of OSSD (Factory setting)	ON	OFF	ON	ON		
<time chart=""></time>						
Beam received Beam received condition Beam interrupted	- 14 ms		90 ms or less			
Control output ON (OSSD1, OSSD2) OFF						
Auxiliary output ON (Negative logic of OSSD) OFF		0 ms or less	; ;	←20 ms or less		
Do not use						

stopping the device. Failure to do so could result in serious injury or death.

Emission halt function

 This function stops the emission process of the emitter. You can select whether emission is on or halted by means of the connection status for the emission halt input / reset input line (pink).

Setting status of interlock function	Emission halt input / reset input	Emission status		
Enabled (manual reset)	Open	Emission		
	Connected to 0 V or + V	Emission halt		
Dischlad (auto roast)	Open	Emission halt		
Disabled (auto reset)	Connected to 0 V or + V	Emission		

- During emission halt, the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) becomes OFF status.
- By using this function, malfunction due to extraneous noise or abnormality in the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) and the auxiliary output can be determined even from the machinery side.
- Normal operation is restored when the emission halt input / reset input line (pink) is connected to 0 V or + V.

<Time chart [when interlock function is enabled (manual reset)]>

Emission halt inp	ut / Open	20 ms or less		20 ms or less	-
Reset input	Short-				
Emission condition	Emission-				
(Note) E	mission halt		⊱14 ms or le	ss →	90 ms or less +
Control output	ON-		i		
(OSSD1, OSSD2) OFF				

Note: This timing chart shows the operation in auto reset. In manual reset, the light curtain performs emission under open status and performs emission halt under short-circuit status.

External device monitor function

 This is the function for checking whether the external safety relay connected to the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) performs normally in accordance with the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) or not. Monitor the contacting point 'b' of the external safety relay, and if any abnormality such as deposit of the contacting point, etc. is detected, change the status of the light curtain into lockout one, and turn OFF the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2).

In case of setting the external device monitor function into valid

 Connect the external device monitor input (yellow-green) to the external safety relay connected the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2).

In case of not using the external device monitor function

 Connect the external device monitor input (yellow-green) to the auxiliary output (yellow-green / black). At this time, set the auxiliary output as [negative logic of control output (OSSD1, OSSD2)] (factory setting).

 It is also possible to set the external device monitor function into invalid by using the handy-controller SFB-HC (optional). However, a handy-controller cannot be used with the SF4B--01.

<Time chart (normal)>

Beam received condition	Beam received Beam interrupted	←14 ms or le	ss → 90 ms or less		
Control output (OSSD1, OSS		300 ms or less	·	300 ms or less	
External device monitor input	ON OFF				

• The setting time of external device monitor is 300 ms or less. Exceeding 300 ms turns the device into lockout status. It can be set within 100 to 600 ms (in units of 10 ms) by using the handy-controller (SFB-HC)(optional). However, a handy-controller cannot be used with the SF4B- \Box -01.



PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

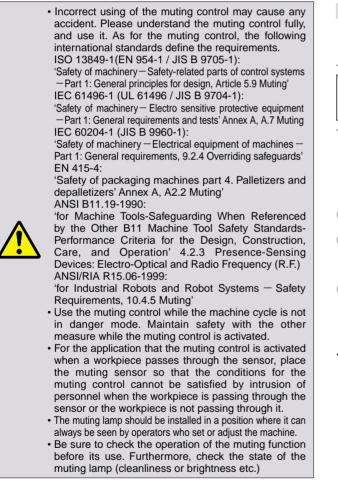
<Time chart (Error 1)>

Beam received Beam r condition Beam inte	eceived	←14 ms or less	
Control output (OSSD1, OSSD2)	ON OFF		
External device monitor input	ON OFF		→Lockout condition

<Time chart (Error 2)>

Beam received Beam condition Beam inte	received errupted —	
Control output (OSSD1, OSSD2)	ON OFF —	
External device monitor input	ON OFF	← Lockout condition

Muting function



· This function turns the safety function of this light curtain into invalid temporarily. When the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) is ON, this function is available for passing the workpiece through the sensing area of the light curtain without stopping the machinery. The muting function becomes valid when all the conditions listed below are satisfied:

- () The control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) shall be ON.
- (2) The incandescent lamp with 3 to 10 W shall be connected to the muting lamp output (red).
- (3) The output of the muting sensors A, B, C, and D shall be changed from OFF (open) to ON. At this time, the time difference occurred by changing the output of the muting sensors A, B, C, and D into ON status shall be within 0.03 to 3 sec.
- The following devices, photoelectric sensor with semiconductor output, proximity sensor, position switch on N.O. (Normal Open) contact, etc. are available for applying to the muting sensor.
- In case of using the muting function, please order 12-core cable. SUNX

Specification for muting sensor

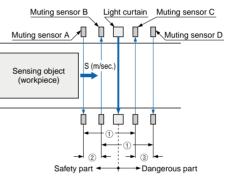
Operation when sensor is ON Operation when sensor is ON Operation when sensor is OFF ON with 'Dark-ON' condition (photoelectric sensor, etc.) ON with 'Normally open' condition (inductive proximity sensor, etc.) Output 0 V or + V Open			
(photoelectric sensor, etc.) ON with 'Normally open' condition (inductive proximity sensor, etc.) Output 0 V or + V Open		Operation when sensor is ON	Operation when sensor is OFF
(position switch, etc.)	(photoelectric sensor, etc.) ON with 'Normally open' condition (inductive proximity sensor, etc.) ON with object contacted condition	Output 0 V or + V	Open



· Be sure to use the muting sensor that satisfies the 'Specification for muting sensor' above. If the other muting sensor not satisfying the specification above, the muting function might become valid with the timing that the machine designer cannot expect and could result in serious injury or death.

The muting indicator shall be connected without fail. The muting function is invalid for activating with the muting indicator not connected.

Installation condition of muting sensor

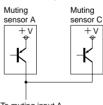


()Shorten the distances between muting sensors A to C and between B to D than the whole length of the sensing object.

- (2)The transit time of the sensing object to be passed through the muting sensors A to B shall be 30 ms to 3 sec. S is the moving speed of the sensing object, then distance
- between A and B: $S \times 3$ (s)
- 3 The transit time of the sensing object to be passed through the muting sensors C to D shall be under 3 sec.

S is the moving speed of the sensing object, then distance between C and D: $S \times 3$ (s)

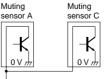
<In case of PNP output>





To muting input A of light curtain

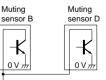
<In case of NPN output>



To muting input A of light curtain



To muting input B of light curtain



To muting input B of light curtain

PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

<time chart=""></time>	
Muting sensor A	ON OFF
Muting sensor B	ON → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →
Muting sensor C	ON OFF
Muting sensor D	ON OFF
Muting function	ON OFF
Beam received Beam condition of light curtain Beam inte Control output (OSSD1, OSSD2)	received → : - 50 ms to 1 sec. 14 ms or less → : orrupted ON OFF

- It is possible to set the muting function into invalid per beam channel respectively and to specify the output order of the muting sensor to be set into valid by using the handy-controller (SFB-HC)(optional). However, a handy-controller cannot be used with the SF4B--01.
- It is recommended that two muting lamp should be connected in parallel. However, take care not to exceed 10 W.

Note: If the muting lamp does not light within 1 sec., the muting function is disabled.

Override function

 This function sets the safety function of this light curtain invalid forcibly. When using the muting function, the override function can be used to start the machinery at times such as when the control outputs (OSSD1 and OSSD2) are OFF or when the muting sensors are ON when the line is to be started.

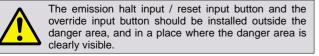
The override function becomes valid when all the conditions listed below are satisfied:

- ①The incandescent lamp with 3 to 10 W shall be connected to the muting lamp output (red).
- 2 The signal shall be input to either muting sensor A or B.
- (3) The override input (yellow) shall be short-circuited to 0 V or $\,+$ V, and the emission halt input / reset input (pink) shall be opened. (3 sec. continuously)
- If one of the three conditions above becomes invalid or timing exceeds 60 sec., the override function becomes invalid.
- The override function only operates when the interlock function is disabled (automatic reset)
- · For using the override function, please order 12-core cable.

<Time chart>

	Emission halt	→ Within 1 s
Emission halt input /		
Reset input	Emission —	
	Valid	Override input time: Max. 60 sec.
Override input	valid	
	Invalid —	
	ON	
Sensor A / C	OFF-	
	OFF-	
	ON	
Sensor B / D	OFF-	
	011	3 to 4 sec. (Note) 14 ms or less
Override function	n ON	
	OFF	
Beam received	Beam received	
condition of	Jeann leceiveu	
Roa	m interrupted —	
light curtain Deal		90 ms or less 🛶 😽
Control output	ON	
(OSSD1, OSSD	2) OFF —	

Note: If the muting lamp does not light within 4 sec., the override function is disabled.



 It is also possible to set the override function into invalid by using the handy-controller SFB-HC.

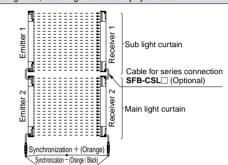
Series connection

Connectable up to 3 sets of light curtains (however, 192 beam channels max.)

 This is the configuration for connecting multiple sets of emitters and receivers facing each other in series. It is used when the dangerous part can be entered from two or more directions. The control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) turns OFF if any of the light curtain is interrupted.



For series connection, connect the emitter and emitter, receiver and receiver respectively using the exclusive cable (SFB-CSL_) for series connection. Wrong connection could generate the non-sensing area, resulting in serious injury or death.

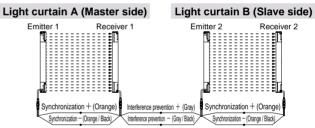


Parallel connection

This is the configuration for connecting multiple sets of emitter and receiver facing each other in parallel. It is
used when there are two or three dangerous parts and each dangerous part can be entered from only one
direction. By connecting the interference prevention line, up to three sets of the sensors can be connected.
For the control output (OSSD1, OSSD2), only the output of the sensor of which light is blocked turns OFF.



For parallel connection, connect the one receiver to the other connection using the interference prevention wire as shown in the figure below. Wrong connection could generate the non-sensing area, resulting in serious injury or death.



Notes: 1) In case of using the interference prevention wire, please order 12-core cable.
2) If the interference prevention wire is extended, use a \$\u03c8 0.2 mm^2\$, or more, shielded twist pair-cable.

Series and parallel mixed connection

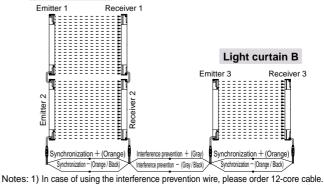
 This is the configuration for connecting multiple sets of emitter and receiver facing each other in mixed series and parallel combination. It is used when there are two or more dangerous parts that can be entered from two or more directions. Up to three sets of sensors in total of the series connection and parallel connection can be connected in combination. However, the total number of beam axes is a maximum of 192. The control output (OSSD1, OSSD2) turns only its output to OFF if the light is blocked.



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For parallel connection, connect the one receiver to the other connection using the interference prevention wire as shown in the figure below. Wrong connection could generate the non-sensing area, resulting in serious injury or death.

Light curtain A



DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)

The CAD data in the dimensions can be downloaded from the SUNX website: http://www.sunx.co.jp/

SF4B

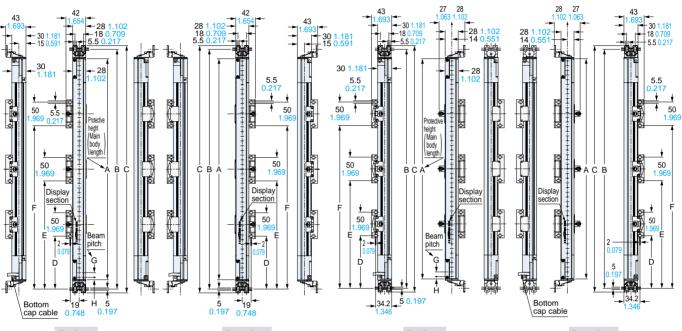
Light curtain

Assembly dimensions

Mounting drawing for the light curtain on which the standard mounting brackets (MS-SFB-1) and the intermediate supporting brackets are mounted.

<Side mounting>

<Back mounting>



Emitter

Receiver

Emitter

Receiver

	Model No.		А	В	С	D	Е	F
SF4B-F23	SF4B-H12	SF4B-A6	230 9.055	270 10.630	286 11.260	_	_	_
SF4B-F31	SF4B-H16	SF4B-A8	310 12.205	350 13.780	366 14.406	_	_	_
SF4B-F39	SF4B-H20	SF4B-A10	390 15.354	430 16.929	446 17.559	_	_	_
SF4B-F47	SF4B-H24	SF4B-A12	470 18.504	510 20.079	526 20.709	—	—	—
SF4B-F55	SF4B-H28	SF4B-A14	550 21.654	590 23.228	606 23.858	_	_	_
SF4B-F63	SF4B-H32	SF4B-A16	630 24.803	670 26.378	686 27.008	—	—	—
SF4B-F71	SF4B-H36	SF4B-A18	710 27.953	750 29.528	766 30.157	_	_	_
SF4B-F79	SF4B-H40	SF4B-A20	790 31.102	830 32.677	846 33.307	390 15.354	—	—
SF4B-F95	SF4B-H48	SF4B-A24	950 37.402	990 38.976	1,006 39.606	470 18.504	—	—
SF4B-F111	SF4B-H56	SF4B-A28	1,110 43.701	1,150 45.276	1,166 45.905	550 21.654	—	—
SF4B-F127	SF4B-H64	SF4B-A32	1,270 50.000	1,310 51.575	1,326 52.505	418 16.457	842 33.150	_
—	SF4B-H72	SF4B-A36	1,430 56.299	1,470 57.874	1,486 58.504	472 18.583	948 37.323	—
_	SF4B-H80	SF4B-A40	1,590 <mark>62.598</mark>	1,630 <mark>64.173</mark>	1,646 <mark>64.803</mark>	525 20.669	1,055 <mark>41.535</mark>	_
_	SF4B-H88	SF4B-A44	1,750 68.898	1,790 70.472	1,806 71.102	433 17.047	870 34.252	1,308 51.496
_	SF4B-H96	SF4B-A48	1,910 75.197	1,950 76.772	1,966 77.401	473 18.622	950 37.402	1,428 56.220

Model No.	G	н		
SF4B-F	10 0.394	5 0.197		
SF4B-H	20 0.787	5 0.197		
SF4B-A	40 1.575	15 0.591		

Note: The SF4B---01 has the same shape.

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)

The CAD data in the dimensions can be downloaded from the SUNX website: http://www.sunx.co.jp/

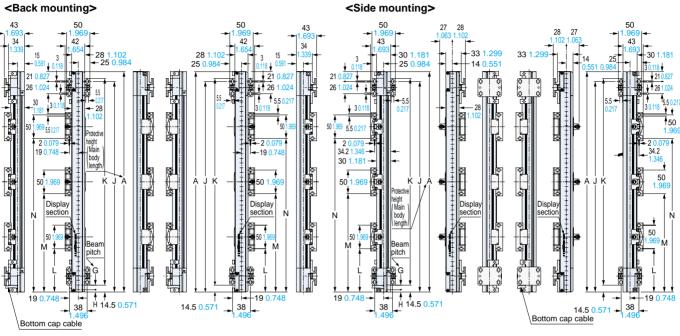
SF4B

Light curtain

Assembly dimensions

Mounting drawing for the light curtain on which the dead zoneless brackets (MS-SFB-3) and the intermediate supporting brackets are mounted.

<Back mounting>



Emitter

Receiver

Emitter

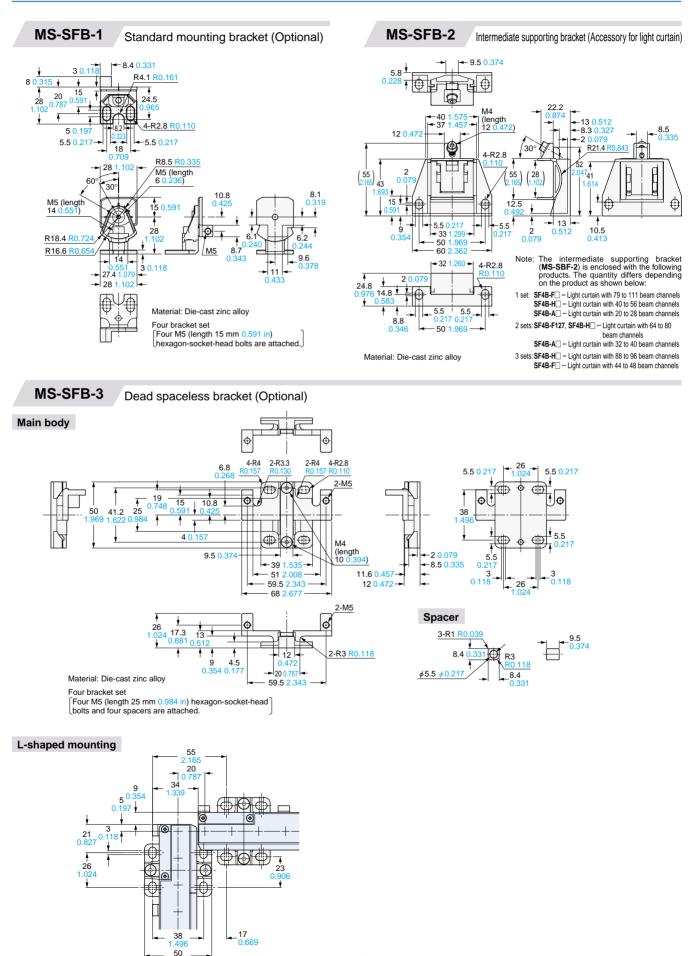
Receiver

	Model No.		Α	J	K	L	М	Ν
SF4B-F23	SF4B-H12	SF4B-A6	230 9.055	209 8.228	201 7.913	—	-	_
SF4B-F31	SF4B-H16	SF4B-A8	310 12.205	289 11.378	281 11.063	_	-	_
SF4B-F39	SF4B-H20	SF4B-A10	390 15.354	369 14.528	361 14.213	_	—	_
SF4B-F47	SF4B-H24	SF4B-A12	470 18.504	449 17.677	441 17.362	-	-	_
SF4B-F55	SF4B-H28	SF4B-A14	550 21.654	529 20.827	521 20.512	—	-	_
SF4B-F63	SF4B-H32	SF4B-A16	630 24.803	609 23.976	601 23.661	—	-	_
SF4B-F71	SF4B-H36	SF4B-A18	710 27.953	689 27.126	681 26.811	—	-	_
SF4B-F79	SF4B-H40	SF4B-A20	790 31.102	769 30.276	761 29.961	370 14.567	-	_
SF4B-F95	SF4B-H48	SF4B-A24	950 37.402	929 36.575	921 36.260	450 17.717	-	_
SF4B-F111	SF4B-H56	SF4B-A28	1,110 43.701	1,089 42.874	1,081 42.559	530 20.866	-	_
SF4B-F127	SF4B-H64	SF4B-A32	1,270 50.000	1,249 49.173	1,241 48.858	398 15.669	822 32.362	_
-	SF4B-H72	SF4B-A36	1,430 56.299	1,409 55.472	1,401 55.157	452 17.795	928 36.535	_
-	SF4B-H80	SF4B-A40	1,590 62.598	1,569 61.772	1,561 61.457	505 19.882	1,035 40.748	_
_	SF4B-H88	SF4B-A44	1,750 68.898	1,729 68.071	1,721 <mark>67.756</mark>	413 16.260	850 33.465	1,288 50.709
_	SF4B-H96	SF4B-A48	1,910 75.197	1,889 74.370	1,881 74.055	453 17.835	930 36.614	1,408 55.433

Model No.	G	Н
SF4B-F	10 0.394	5 0.197
SF4B-H	20 0.787	5 0.197
SF4B-A	40 1.575	15 0.591

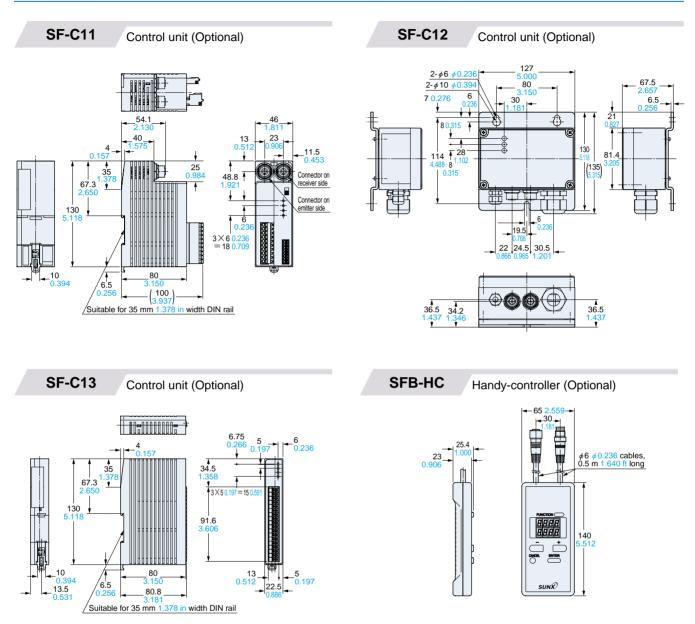
DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)

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http://www.sunx.co.jp/

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